



# ALSHAHEER FOODS\_FO



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## Company Information



Al Shaheer Corporation entered the world of meat business in 2008 starting from humble beginnings and growing into a renowned name within a short span of time.

#### ASC Foods is certified on following regulatory & international standards:

- ISO 9001:2015
- ISO 22000:2005
- ISO 14001: 2015
- OHSAS 18001: 2007
- HACCP
- Pakistan Halal standard PS3733:2016
- Malaysian Halal standard MS 1500
- UAE/GSO Halal slaughtering standard 993:2015





# Our Story

Al Shaheer Corporation entered the world of meat business in 2008 starting from humble beginnings and growing into a renowned name within a short span of time. The powerful fundamental values of teamwork, integrity, excellence, community service and consumer focus form the foundation of this business which aimed to serve and go beyond the expectations of the customers. Our meat products have always satisfied our consumers with the high hygiene and health standards we have always met, thus enabling us to grow and reach top levels in this industry.

Gadap Town - Karachi is home to our class apart abattoir, designed customarily as an answer to the global need and demand of Halal meat. Well organized logistics, spotless lairage area, cold storage and



**ALSHAHEER** 







chillers imported from Australia, all make this abattoir one of the very best; and its capacity of 40 heads per hour makes it the country's largest private slaughtering facility. This has been further certified by the departments of health and food of Middle Eastern GCC countries as well. And if one would wonder who leads the meat export of Pakistan, the answer would be *Al Shaheer Corporation* venturing into export markets of Saudi Arabia, Dubai, Kuwait, Oman, Bahrain and Qatar in 2009.

'Chef One', Al Shaheer launched its new brand CHEF ONE nationwide during the year and is now available in all leading stores across Pakistan. Over the decades following the benchmarks set by Meat One, our new brand Chef One offers convenience and meeting consumer needs with differentiated and diversified innovative frozen foods products like poultry, meat, and fish. Just like its predecessor, this brand also upholds the quality standards of health and hygiene. Chef One hopes to bring significant improvement in our customers' lives not just through delicious satisfaction to the taste buds but also through an assortment of product offerings currently unmet by any other local brand. This will hence be the perfect opportunity for the Company to expand its presence even further both locally and internationally through general and modern trade and B2B market.

In addition, the Company also started its commercial production of frozen chicken at the Lahore plant during the year.

Meat One', the first red meat brand of Al Shaheer came into being in 2010 with the objective of providing innovative and convenient 'one stop fresh meat solutions' to consumers, placing us in the center of the fresh meat retail market of Pakistan. This brand offers various kinds of fresh meat operating through

exclusively designed outlets as well as standard shop-in-shop models. The quality standards of Meat One are unmatched at every level of the meat selection process. Highest quality cattle is chosen as the first step of our process. Getting the cattle checked by skilled vets comes next as health and safety are the two top most priorities. These are then slaughtered in a completely halal way at our abattoir, sectioning and processing them in large cuts before transporting them in hygienic refrigerated trucks to various outlets.

'Khaas Meat'. Al Shaheer's second retail brand emerged in 2014. This brand stands for three key elements: quality, hygiene and affordability. Neighborhood butcher shops were given a whole new look and meaning by this brand. The brand's reach further increased in 2015 through shop-in shop models in busy superstores across the major cities of Pakistan.

It was the same year that Al Shaheer Foods achieved yet another important milestone and became a corporate limited company, being listed on the Stock Exchange. The company transitioned to Al Shaheer Foods from Al Shaheer Corporation in the first month of 2017, with the objective of establishing itself as a 'foods' company. Keeping this



objective in mind, products like poultry, ready-to-cook / ready-to-eat products, fruits and vegetables are now being considered to be further included in the line of business as well.

The list of international accreditations to Al Shaheer Foods is nothing less than impressive. These include the ISO 9001:2015, ISO 22000:2005, HACCP for quality and food safety standards in the production process, SAFE Food Award 2009 & 2010 by URS for quality and hygiene. The Federation of Pakistan Chambers of Commerce and Industry has also awarded Al Shaheer Foods with the 'Best Export Performance' Award in 2009, 2010, 2012 and 2013 for Fresh and Frozen Meat while Exhibitor (Pvt.) Ltd. has awarded us with Brand of the Year Award in 2009 and Best Emerging Brand of the Year 2009.

ASC Foods is certified on following regulatory & international standards:

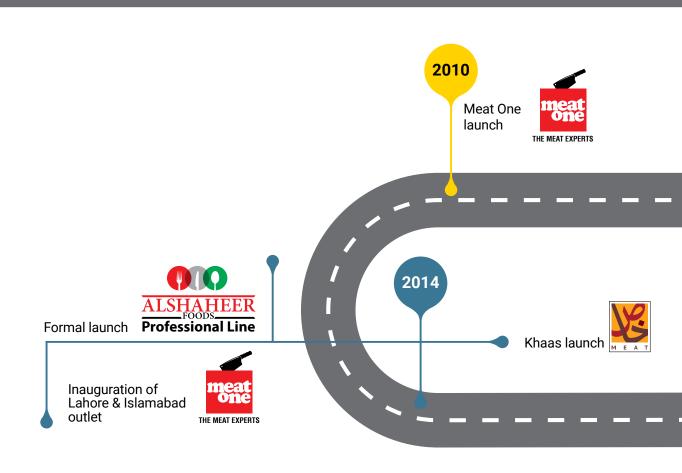
- ISO 9001:2015
- ISO 22000:2005
- ISO 14001: 2015
- OHSAS 18001: 2007
- HACCP
- Pakistan Halal standard PS3733:2016
- Malaysian Halal standard MS 1500
- UAE/GSO Halal slaughtering standard 993:2015

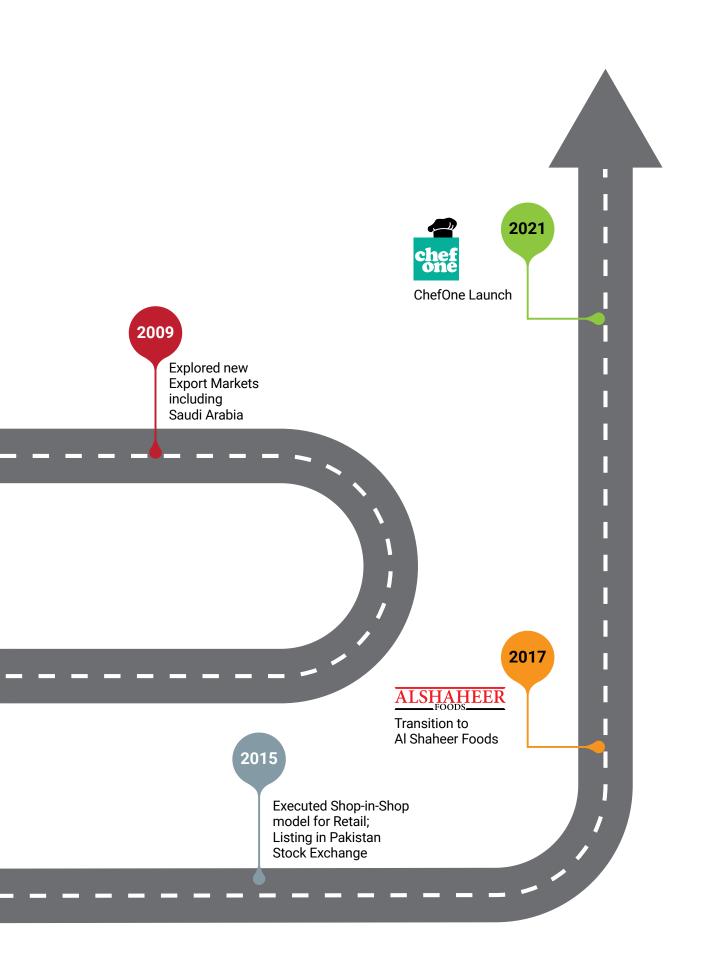


With the grace of Allah, we have always been able to supersede the benchmarks created every year by ourselves. This has only been possible because of the astounding support shown by everyone associated with us. It is our key stakeholders; be it our customers, suppliers. employees. agencies, bankers or shareholders, whose unwavering support is what keeps us driven. And as this support keeps increasing, so will our dedication to attain even higher standards and go beyond your expecta-tions every year.

# Timeline

Al Shaheer Corporation (Pvt.) Ltd. inception





# Chairman's Review

On behalf of the Board of Directors I am pleased to present the financial results for the year ended 2021-22.

During this year, the Company launched its much-awaited brand "CHEF ONE" from its poultry



and processed food plant based in Lahore. The Company has also started HORECA and institutional sales of frozen meat from the Lahore plant; and is now aiming to capitalize various opportunities through multiple channels i.e. Retail, HORECA, Institutions and Export market.

During the year, economic and inflation crises

were the key factors which adversely affected our margins; our volumes and margins faced immense pressure from the pricing strategies of local and international businesses in export market. As a result, the Company was unable to pass on all its costs to the consumers. These business pressures also coincided with the completion period of the new poultry and processed food project.

However, our team has continued to work diligently through the challenges and I would like to take this opportunity to thank the Company's staff and management who have played a pivotal role in the Company's success. I hope that we will continue to drive towards success, with the same spirit and determination.

**Muhammad Qaysar Alam** 

Chairman

**AlShaheer Corporation Limited** 



## **Vision**

Dominate the meal table by offering delightful food solutions to consumers.



### **Mission**

- We will delight and vitalize our consumers with food products that meet the highest standards of health, hygiene and fulfillment.
- We will achieve this by sourcing the best quality of livestock, purest ingredients and world class manufacturing processes.
- We will have excellence in our Shariah compliance standards for all our products, our operations and the way we interact with the communities and environment around us.
- We value diversity & teamwork and promote an open informal work environment.
- All our actions will clearly exhibit our relentless commitment to ethics, product safety and consumer satisfaction.

# Core Values

#### Integrity

We act honestly, truthfully & fairly with our consumers, suppliers, employees & all stakeholders.

#### **Consumer Focus**

We are consumer-oriented, committed to delivering the best experience to our consumers every time.



#### **Teamwork**

We develop & empower our people to work as a strong unified team in an open, informal and disciplined environment.

#### **Excellence**

We strive to be the best at whatever we do.

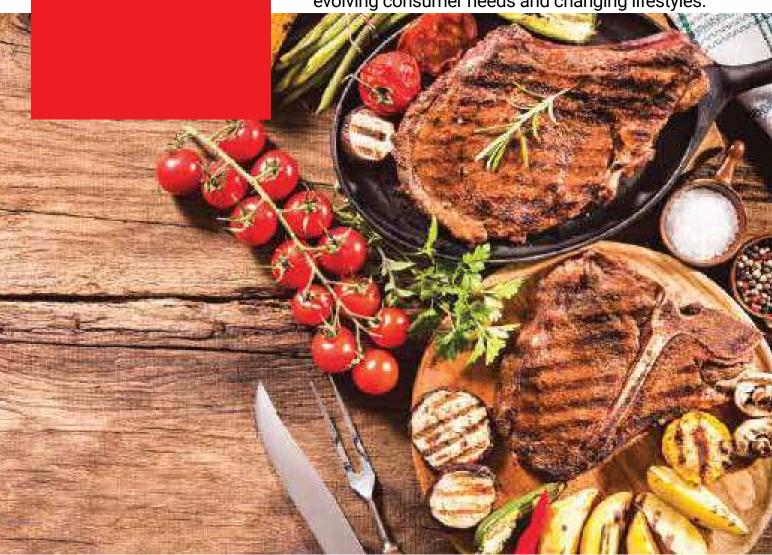
#### **Community**

We act as a responsible citizen, protecting the environment and contributing to the community in which we operate.

# Code of Conduct

#### Introduction

The Company's General Business Principles govern how Al Shaheer Corporation Limited conducts its affairs. The objectives of the organization are to engage efficiently, responsibly and profitably in Halal and hygienic food business and to participate in the search for, and development of, new products to meet evolving consumer needs and changing lifestyles.



Halal and hygienic food is a basic human requirement that will exist forever. Our role is to ensure that we source, process and deliver this profitably and in environmentally & socially responsible ways. We seek high standards of performance, building a strong, long term and growing position in the competitive environments in which we choose to operate. We aim to work closely with our consumers, partners and policymakers to continuously strengthen our position and be recognized as a leader in the food categories we operate in.

#### **Sustainable Development:**

As part of the Business Principles, we commit to contribute to sustainable development. This requires balancing short and long term interests, integrating economic, environmental and social considerations into business decision-making, and investing in people, systems and infrastructure for sustainable advantage.

#### **Responsibilities:**

Al Shaheer Corporation Limited recognizes five areas of basic responsibilities. It is the duty of management continuously to assess the priorities and discharge these inseparable responsibilities.

- a) To shareholders: To protect shareholders' investment, and provide a long-term return competitive with those of other leading companies in the industry.
- b) To consumers: To win and maintain consumers by developing and providing products and services which offer value in terms of price, quality, safety and convenience.
- c) To employees: To respect rights of our employees and to provide them with good and safe working environment and competitive terms and conditions of employment. To develop leadership that continuously promotes best utilization of talent, to create a conducive work environment where every employee has an equal opportunity to develop his or her skills and talents. To encourage the involvement of employees in planning and strategizing their work and to provide them with appropriate channels and structure. We recognize that commercial and sustainable success depends on the commitment of all employees and disposition of their energies and efforts in the right direction.
- d) To business partners: To seek mutually beneficial relationships with contractors, suppliers and in joint ventures and to promote the application of our General Business Principles in such relationships. The ability to promote these principles effectively is an important factor in the decision to enter into or remain in such relationships.
- e) To society: To conduct business as responsible corporate members of society, to comply with applicable laws and regulations, to support fundamental human rights in line with the legitimate role of business, and to give proper regard to health, safety, security and the environment.

#### **Economic:**

Long-term profitability is as essential for the company as oxygen to the living being, in order to achieve our higher goals. It is a measure of both efficiency and of the value that consumers place on Al Shaheer Corporation Limited products and services. It supplies the necessary corporate resources for the continuing investment that is required to develop and produce Halal and hygienic supplies to meet & exceed consumer needs. Without profits and a strong financial foundation, it would not be possible to fulfill our higher levels of responsibilities.

#### **Competition:**

Al Shaheer Corporation Limited supports free enterprise. We believe that healthy competition always results in greater opportunities, better products and services, and in turn, benefits the consumer. We seek to compete fairly and ethically and within the framework of applicable competition laws; we will not prevent others from competing freely with us.

#### **Business Integrity:**

Al Shaheer Corporation Limited insists on honesty, integrity and fairness in all aspects of our business and expects the same in our relationships with all those with whom we conduct business. The direct or indirect offer, payment, soliciting or acceptance of bribes in any form is unacceptable. Facilitation payments are also bribes and should not be made. Employees must avoid conflicts of interest between

their private activities and their role in the conduct of Company business. Employees must declare to their employing Company potential conflicts of interest, if any. All business transactions on behalf of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited must be reflected accurately and fairly in the accounts of the Company in accordance with established procedures and are subject to audit and disclosure.

#### Health, Safety and the Environment:

Al Shaheer Corporation Limited has a systematic approach to health, safety and environmental management in order to ensure continuous well-being of our employees, consumers and public alike. To this end, Al Shaheer Corporation Limited manages these matters as critical business activities, sets standards and targets for improvement, and measures, appraises and reports performance externally. We continually look for ways to reduce the environmental impact of our operations, products and services.

#### **Local Communities:**

Al Shaheer Corporation Limited aims to be a good corporate citizen by continuously improving the ways in which we contribute, directly or indirectly, to the general well-being of the communities within which we operate. We manage the social impacts of our business activities carefully and work with others to enhance the benefits to local communities, and to mitigate any negative impacts from our activities. In addition, Al Shaheer Corporation Limited takes a constructive interest in social matters, directly or indirectly related to our business.

#### **Communication and Engagement:**

Al Shaheer Corporation Limited recognizes that regular dialogue and engagement with our stakeholders is essential. We are committed to reporting our performance by providing complete relevant information to legitimately interested parties, subject to any overriding considerations of business confidentiality. In our interactions with employees, business partners and local communities, we seek to listen and respond to them honestly and responsibly.

#### **Compliance:**

We comply with all applicable laws and regulations of the countries in which we operate.

#### **Living by Our Principles:**

Our shared core values of integrity, teamwork, consumer focus, fairness and excellence underpin all our activities and are the foundation of our Business Principles. The Business Principles apply to all transactions, large or small, and drive the behavior expected of every employee in Al Shaheer Corporation Limited in the conduct of its business at all times. We are judged by how we act. Our reputation will be upheld if we act in accordance with the law and the Business Principles. We also encourage our business partners to live by these principles.

We encourage our employees to demonstrate leadership, accountability and teamwork, and through these behaviors, contribute to the overall success of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited. It is the responsibility of the leadership to lead by example, to ensure that all employees are aware of these principles, and behave in accordance with the spirit as well as the letter of this statement.

The application of these principles is underpinned by a comprehensive set of assurance procedures which are designed to make sure that our employees understand the principles and confirm that they act in accordance with them. As part of the assurance system, it is also the responsibility of management to provide employees with safe and confidential channels to raise concerns and report instances of noncompliance. In turn, it is the responsibility of the Company employees to report suspected breaches of the Business Principles to the management. The Business Principles are fundamental to how we conduct our business and living by them is crucial to our continued success.

# Purpose of Existance

Al Shaheer Foods was created in August 2008 after observing the increase in demand of Halal meat products globally. It operates a custom designed, state-of-the-art plant, brought in from Australia with attached chillers, cold storage, transportation and hygienic lairage area. This is the largest private slaughtering facility in the

country with a capacity of 40 heads per hour.

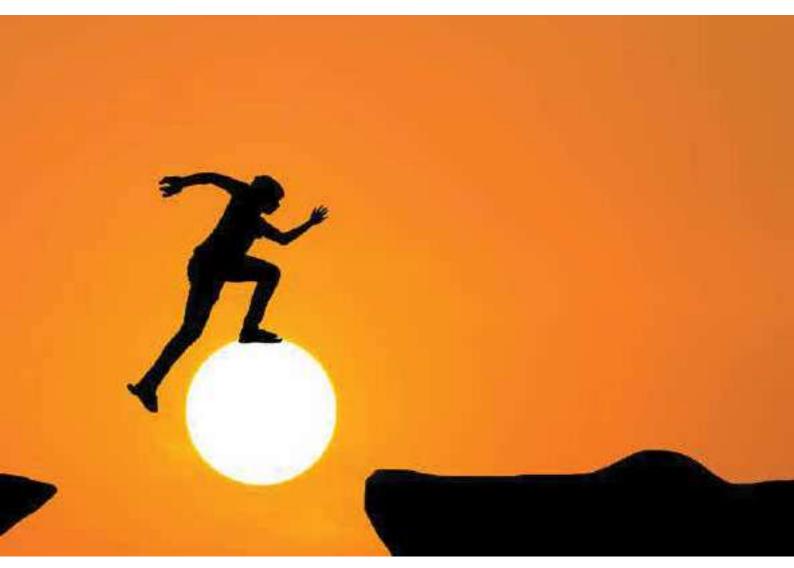
Winning several international accreditations like the ISO 9001:2015, ISO22000:2005, HACCP for its quality and standards used in the production process, SAFE Food Award 2009 & 2010 by URS for quality and hygiene, the Company has conquered the global market with a continuous commitment to quality.

Al Shaheer Foods has also won the 'Best Export

Performance' award in 2009, 2010, 2012 and 2013 for Fresh and Frozen Meat from the Federation of Pakistan Chambers of Commerce and Industry.

Al Shaheer currently possesses municipality licenses to export meat to some of the most lucrative markets in the region, including Dubai and Saudi Arabia.

The year 2010 started with a pledge to make the same quality meat available to



local consumers, thereby considerably raising the benchmark in meat selling. Starting off from our flagship Meat One boutique on main Khayaban-e-Shamsheer, DHA, Karachi, we have gradually expanded our network of dedicated Meat One outlets across Pakistan to introduce customers to the best quality, free range meat possible.



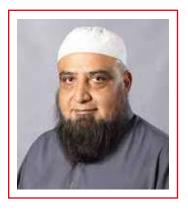




M. Qaysar Alam

On the Board of Directors of GS1 and Al-Shaheer Corporation Limited, Member Pakistan Advisory Board ISCEA, President Supply Chain Association of Pakistan. Supply Chain Specialist, Consultant, Trainer and speaker at various business schools and forums. Worked for 29 years at Unilever Pakistan Ltd., where, for the last 8 years served as Vice President responsible for Supply Chain, its strategies and operations.

He was on the Board of Directors, Member of Audit Committees and Management Committee of the Company. Key architect of Unilever Pakistan's Supply Chain structure and processes making it forward looking, achieving efficiencies in speed, service and cost. Earlier worked at Exxon Pakistan, ARAMCO SA and taught Petroleum engineering at KU.



Kamran Khalili

Kamran Khalili is the CEO of Al-Shaheer Corporation Limited. It was his vision to establish a Halal meat processing company. Kamran Khalili took the initiative and started Al Shaheer Foods from scratch, playing a pivotal role in the company's growth.

Prior to Al Shaheer, Kamran was a member of the Karachi Stock Exchange for around 10 years and CEO of Fortune Securities (Pvt.) Ltd. He has also worked as an Investment Banker in Muslim Commercial Bank, Pakistan.

After receiving an encouraging response from exports, Kamran expanded his vision to provide export quality meat products in the local market as well. In accomplishment of this vision, he took the initiative to introduce a concept meat shop in the local market, Meat One. Kamran Khalili is an MBA.



#### **Adeeb Ahmad**

Mr. Ahmad's career spans over 30 years with premier multilateral, leading private equity firms and several international investment banks primarily in the Gulf region. He has held C-suite positions engaged in multisectoral asset management, private equity investments and M&A across multiple emerging markets, including Pakistan.

He has raised and led several large funds, managed landmark investments, and led several M&A advisory assignments. His last role was as Senior Advisor to the CEO (& Deputy CEO-Designate) at Islamic Corporation for the Development of the Private Sector ("ICD") in Saudi Arabia.

Mr. Ahmad holds an M.Sc. from the London School of Economics, United Kingdom, and an MBA from the Institute of Business Administration, Karachi, Pakistan. Other Engagements: Chairman, Al-Shaheer Corporation Ltd.



**Zubair Haider** 

Zubair Haider's career started after completing his MBA from IBA Karachi. He has over 30 years of experience and has held senior positions at various banks in Pakistan and the Middle East; including HSBC, Meezan Bank Limited, NBP, Dubai Islamic Bank and Banque Saudi Fransi, Riyadh. Additionally, he holds an LLB degree from SM Law College, Karachi.

Zubair is also a member of Executive committee of Management Association of Pakistan for the years of 2021 to 2024. He is a Certified Director through ICAP's Director Training Program.

Zubair's area of expertise include Corporate Finance, Investment Banking, Capacity Building, Islamic Finance, Strategy, Leadership, Credit Risk and Business Development. He has also led complex multi-million-dollar deals and influenced profitable outcomes.



#### Zillay A. Nawab

Zillay A. Nawab is a trusted business adviser, coach and trainer with extensive experience in multiple business segments. He is an expert in managing complex organizational transformation programs, with an effective blend of leadership, facilitation and collaboration at all levels. His interventions deliver measurable cost savings, enhanced stakeholder satisfaction and strategic alignment.

Zillay's consulting and training experience is industry agnostic, including water, banking, stock exchange, oil, automotive, nuclear, IT, hospitality, retail, healthcare, engineering, fertilizers, electric power utilities, advertising, construction, manufacturing, process automation and a host of other verticals.

Zillay is currently engaged with Pakistan Institute of Management, Ministry of Industries & Production, Government of Pakistan, to develop, launch and manage the Pakistan Management Excellence Award program, designed to elevate national organizational performance to international best practices.

Zillay is active in international standards development. He Chairs both international and Canadian standards development committees and presents the Canadian viewpoint at International Organizational for Standardization (ISO) meetings. He is collaborating with global experts on developing risk, asset management and service excellence ISO standards.

Zillay is a gifted speaker and story-teller. He has delivered presentations and training workshops in North America, Middle East, Australia, Africa and Europe, on Business Excellence, Strategy, Organizational Performance Management, Benchmarking, Risk Management, Customer Centricity, Change Management and other topics.

Zillay is an avid writer and contributes regularly to newspapers, magazines and social media. He has edited and published magazines, company annual reports and in-house magazines. Zillay co-authored the ISO IWA on Sharing Economy. Passionate about writing, he is working on a book. He developed an innovative benchmarking methodology, registered under Benchmarking Canada trademark.



#### Sabeen Fazli Alavi

Sabeen is an FMCG industry specialist with more than 20 years of experience in mature and developing markets working on regional and global brands. She is known for defining winning business strategies, delivering differentiated, best-in class consumer experiences and crafting compelling brand stories to grow market share and build brand loyalty under challenging business conditions.

Sabeen's career started as a management consultant with Grant Thornton International before joining Unilever in Consumer and Market Insights where she spent two years before moving in to brand marketing. After a number of leadership roles in Unilever Pakistan she moved to the MENA region where her last corporate role was Marketing Director & Management Committee member for Unilever Gulf. Through her career Sabeen has successfully managed and grown large complex business units, launched numerous new brands and categories, led a number of disruptive innovation projects, managed large and often cross-functional teams, delivered market-beating growth, and spear-headed the organization's digital transformation agenda.

After a long and successful corporate stint, Sabeen has ventured into consulting where she continues to leverage her diverse and rich experience in consulting on projects that demand high-level strategic thinking, planning and implementation.



Umair Khalili

Umair Khalili is the youngest Director of Al-Shaheer Corporation Limited. He is an HR graduate from London School of Economics and Political Sciences (LSE). He is an enthusiastic individual who has great talent in public speaking and debating.

Umair has been the team lead for various events including Model United Nations where he lead multi-cultural teams and won the MUNs in the home country. Apart from academics, Umair is actively involved in cricket & football.



The Directors of your Company are pleased to present the audited financial results of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### **Operational Performance**

Summarized operating performance of the company for the year is as follows:

Turnover
Cost of sales
Gross profit
Expenses
Other income
Taxation
Profit / (loss) for the period
Basic and Diluted EPS (Rs./Share)

Year Ended					
June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021				
(Rupees 000)					
6,043,329	5,367,507				
(5,209,972)	(4,049,975)				
833,357	1,317,532				
(1,635,963)	(1,206,138)				
571,211	562				
(7,423)	1,081				
(238,818)	113,037				
(0.80)	0.38				

In this fiscal year, the Company's overall topline increased by 13% compared to the same period last year.

However, gross margins remained under pressure due to the challenges on account of economic and global inflation. In addition, the Company started commercial production from Poultry & Processed Foods plant at Lahore.

#### **Poultry & Processed Foods Business**

By the grace of Almighty, the Company has commenced its commercial production of its frozen and processed food facility at Lahore and launched its brand "CHEFONE". Initially, the Company focused on retail market for its brand and showcased its brand at leading stores across Pakistan; and also targeted institutional sales from frozen foods unit.

#### **Export Performance**

Exports have declined by 8% during the financial year due to several macroeconomic factors affecting both, business volume and margins. However, increased exchange rates along with internal cost efficiency exercise, resulted in profits for the year despite the depressed volumes.

#### **Retail Outlets**

Retail segments i.e. Meat One and Khaas Meat suffered majorly due to increased inflation cost of utilities and livestock, resulting in decrease in footfall.

#### **Institutional Sales**

The institutional sales business performed well in our portfolio, delivering a 387% growth versus the same period last year. Despite strong competition from the unorganized sector, the Company has successfully been able to increase its market share and is committed to expand its customer base in the following year.

#### **Future Outlook**

For Poultry & Processed Foods Business, the Company is planning to expand its processed food business into HORECA and Institutional sales in addition to retail market. The Company has high expectation as it is entering the market with premium quality product and services.

The Company has high hopes for significant growth this year by increasing the topline, Export and Institutional

Sales business as market conditions gradually return to normal. On the retail front, we will be utilizing effective marketing tools in order to enhance our market share. Furthermore, the Company will continue to work with optimized resources to ensure efficiencies and positive results.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility**

The Company makes charitable donations of meat and funds to welfare and educational institutes, with its available resources. We are committed to local sourcing and local employment at our production and other facilities - creating jobs and supporting small businesses in rural areas.

#### **Human Resource Policies**

The Company is an equal opportunity employer with systems and procedures in place to reward success. Human Resource management policies are in place and have been disseminated to all. The Company considers its people its core strength, who work continuously to meet individual challenges and help the Company achieve its targets.

#### **Consumer Protection Measures**

The Company ensures across the entire supply and dispatch chain that meat is handled in accordance with international standards to deliver a healthy, safe and hygienic product to all its consumers. It complies with major health and safety standards and ensures that the customers get best value for their money. The company also operates a customer service help line for deliveries and complaints and offers full replacement guarantee to dissatisfied customers.

#### **Business Ethics and Anti-Corruption Measures**

The Company is committed to promoting high standards of ethical behavior throughout its business. The management condemns corrupt and fraudulent practices and ensures transparency, integrity and honesty in all aspects of work. The Company expects all its employees to perform their duties with integrity and professionalism. The Company has a whistle-blowing policy in place where any employee can point out any perceived discrepancy in total confidence.

#### **Contribution to National Exchequer**

The company contributed around Rs. 70.252 million to the government treasury in shape of taxes, excise duty, income tax and sales tax.

#### **Financial Statements**

The financial statements of the company have been audited and approved without qualification by the auditors of the company, M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman.

#### **Statement on Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework**

- a) The financial statements, prepared by the management of the company, present its state of affairs fairly, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- b) Proper books of account of the company have been maintained.
- c) Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d) International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departures there from has been adequately disclosed and explained.
- e) The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- f) There are no significant doubts upon the listed company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- g) There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the

- listing regulations.
- h) Outstanding liabilities on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges, if any, are disclosed in the financial statements.
- The Board consists of 5 independent Directors, 1 non-executive Director and 1 executive Directors. It includes 6 male and 1 female member.
- j) During the year, four meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendance by each director in the meetings of the Board and its sub-committees is as follows. The list contains some Directors who left during the course of the year and were replaced by new ones.

Board / Committee	Board of Directors	Audit Committee	Strategic Steering Committee
Meetings held during YE 2021-22	4	4	1
Mr. Kamran Ahmed Khalili	4	4	1
Ms. Sabeen Fazli	4	-	1
Mr. M. Qaysar Alam	4	4	1
Mr. Umair Ahmed Khalili	4	4	-
Mr. Adeeb Ahmad	4	-	-
Mr. Muhammad Zubair Haider Sheikh	4	4	1
Mr. Zillay A Nawab	4	-	1

- a) No trading in the shares of the company was carried out during the year by the Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary, Executives and their spouses and minor children.
- b) The company pays gratuity to its employees for which liability as at 30 June 2022 is Rs. 21.4 Million.
- c) Pattern of shareholding is annexed with the report.
- d) Transactions with related parties are presented in note number 36 of the financial statements.

#### **Directors' Remuneration**

The Board of Directors have a policy and established procedures for remuneration of Directors in accordance with the relevant regulations.

#### **Sales Tax Refunds**

During the year, sales tax refunds of Rs. 58.707 million were claimed.

#### Al Shaheer Farms (Pvt.) Ltd.

The company has 51% holding in Al Shaheer Farms (Pvt.) Ltd. The subsidiary was incorporated on 2 March 2015 as a private limited under Companies Ordinance 1984. The principal activity of the subsidiary is to carry on all kinds of farming including agricultural, poultry, horticultural and dairy and to purchase, acquire, maintain, breed, sell or otherwise dispose of all kinds of cattle and other form of livestock

#### **Bonus Shares**

No bonus shares have been issued.

#### **Dividend**

No dividend is proposed.

#### **Rights Shares**

No right shares have been issued during the year.

Chairman - Board of Directors

#### **Appointment of Auditors**

The present auditors M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman, retire and being eligible, offer themselves for appointment.

#### **Acknowledgment**

The Board is thankful to our valuable members and bankers for their trust and continued support to the company. The Board would also like to place on record its appreciation to all employees of the company for their dedication, diligence and hard work.

Kamran Khalili

Chief Executive Officer





#### Kamran Khalili

Kamran Khalili is the CEO of Al-Shaheer Corporation Limited. It was his vision to establish a Halal meat processing company. Kamran Khalili took the initiative and started Al Shaheer Foods from scratch, playing a pivotal role in the company's growth.

Prior to Al Shaheer, Kamran was a member of the Karachi Stock Exchange for around 10 years and CEO of Fortune Securities (Pvt.) Ltd. He has also worked as an Investment Banker in Muslim Commercial Bank, Pakistan.

After receiving an encouraging response from exports, Kamran expanded his vision to provide export quality meat products in the local market as well. In accomplishment of this vision, he took the initiative to introduce a concept meat shop in the local market, Meat One. Kamran Khalili is an MBA.



Mr. Ahsan Afzal Chief Operating Officer

Mr. Ahsan Afzal is Chief Operating Officer of the Company and is heading the frozen foods business. Ahsan has done his MBA from LUMS and carries a rich experience of over 25 years in functions as diverse as business unit management, brands, human resources, sales, business analysis, innovation and creative development with a track record of delivering exceptional business performance and leading cross-functional teams.

He spent almost 2 decades in the Engro group where he was engaged in various functions across the Foods and Fertilizer business. For last 3 years he was associated with startups in Food and Digital Banking sectors.



## Muhammad Hamza Paracha CFO

Muhammad Hamza Paracha (ACA) is the Chief Financial Officer of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited. He is a qualified Chartered Accountant and a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP).

He possesses extensive experience of over 12 years in the field of audit, financial management, accounting, reporting, taxation, and risk management.

Hamza started his career in 2009 with Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman, Chartered Accountants, where he led statutory audits, non-assurance engagements, and risk advisory assignments for various private, listed, and multinational companies.

He also worked with Quick Foods Industries and led the internal audit department.

He is associated with Al Shaheer since 2019



Shahid Qureshi General Manager Technical

Mr. Shahid Qureshi is general and operations manager with 29 years of versatile manufacturing management experience in Dairy, Ice cream, Chocolates, Pasta, Cakes, Confectionery, Meat Industry & Seafood / Fish Processing Frozen Food Products.

He was associated with Yummy Milk Products, Polka Ice Cream Sharjah UAE, Nestlé Middle East Dubai UAE as inception partner to develop the largest ice cream plant in Asia, and IFFCO group Dubai UAE to develop Chocolate, Cakes and Pasta plants. He Played a Key role in product development and plant management for Alislami Foods (Meat division) UAE to nurture the giant brand of Frozen Food in UAE.

He allied with Perfect Foods UAE and aligned planning and craft/ produce the products for all the QSR's like Burger King, Subway, Pizza Hut (YUM) Applebees, chillies, Papa jones, Rastelli and own brand Tanmiah.

He graduated in Chemical Engineering from Punjab University.

He holds Food Protection Manager Certification (American National standard Institute (ANSI). He is also certified from HOCHSCHULE GEISENHEIM UNIVERSITY for Sensory evaluation of foods.

He is associated with CCFRA (Campden Chorleywood Food Research Association), dealing in immaculate quality and food safety. He is also associated with "Fraunhofer University Munich" to develop meat and seafood products with industrial and mass Production concepts.



Malik Naseer Ahmad Chief Sales Officer

Malik Naseer Ahmad is qualified & experienced Sales Professional with more than 24 years of proven experience in poultry processing raw frozen & chilled chicken and value added chicken products in Pakistan, where he started his career in 1998 from M. Atral Poultry International (Pvt) limited (Value Chicken) in the sale of frozen raw chicken and value added chicken products.

In 2012 he joined Sufi Group and launched Simply Sufi chicken products nationwide.

In 2015 he joined Big Bird foods the largest poultry processing plant as National Sales Manager and launched Raw, Marinated and value added chicken products across Pakistan and deal with major corporate level customers.

In 2020 he started his own business of poultry processing and closed due to Covid19 issue.

In 2021 he joined Al Shaheer Corporation and serving as Chief Sales Officer with chicken, beef, fish and flour products & raw frozen beef and chicken products across Pakistan. He has launching experience of four frozen chicken brands and his expertise are in Sales Operations, business development, market research, system assurance, marketing strategies & Distribution Management along with Modern Trade, General Trade, HORECA, Corporate Sector and Company Operated Outlets. The role is pivotal to drive collaboration at organization level and deliver business objectives.



Wajihuddin Farooq Company Secretary

Mr. Wajihuddin Farooq is the Company Secretary of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited. Prior to this, he worked for GSK Consumer Healthcare Pakistan Limited and DAMCO Pakistan Limited. He possesses more than 8 years of experience. He has diversified experience in HR, Finance, Admin and Corporate Affairs. Wajih has done his MBA from SZABIST.



#### Furqan Galla Head of Internal Audit

Furgan Galla is Head of Internal Audit of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited. He is Certified Chartered Accountant and Certified Internal Auditor (IIA - USA). He has more than 14 years of experience in the field of Financial Planning, Reporting and Auditing.

He has worked in several industries including Manufacturing, Textiles, Distribution and Retails. At Deloitte, he got exposure of auditing numerous industries including but not limited to Banking, Manufacturing, Textiles and Distribution.





Meat has always made meals more appetizing, more appealing and even when you think you're not all that hungry, the aroma of barbecued kababs is enough to pull you towards it. Accessibility to meat supposedly 'Halal' and fit for consumption was never a problem in Pakistan, dubious origins not withstanding but, what about our countrymen and fellow Muslims living abroad?



Halal meat was barely available in limited regions and limited quantities. Choice of cut and range of taste were luxuries. Poor Muslims abroad did not even consider to fathom. Reflective of the related notion that access to any meat that was Halal was primary and quality was a secondary, if at all, consideration, the term 'Halal' was not yet used synonymously with food items nor was 'Halal' a brand name that touched the hearts, minds and palate of voracious Muslims yearning for fresh, healthy meat prepared in a Halal way.

Imagine yourself sitting down for dinner oceans away from home, thinking of mouthwatering mutton chops, chicken drumsticks or a juicy beef steak but you have to make do with the daal and veggies because there isn't any Halal meat available, a tragedy indeed. But not anymore!

Halal meat has always been a necessity and its growing global demand makes it one of the fastest growing segments within the global food trade. The increased demand brought Pakistan into this business, soon making it the 19th biggest Halal meat exporter in the world. It was not long before the global market saw the emergence of Al Shaheer Foods which soon became a trusted supplier of high quality Halal meat to importers across GCC countries.

Amid significant competition, Al Shaheer Foods has made its mark as one of the leading meat exporters of Pakistan since its conception in the summer of 2008 answering the prayers of meat lovers all around the world. The wide range of products offered in beef, prime beef, mutton, chicken, steak stone, ready to cook/marinated range and lamb (local and Aussie) leaves nothing to be desired.

Being one of the leading meat exporters of Pakistan, Al Shaheer Foods plays a major role in the 27% annual growth of the Halal meat industry, on its way to making Pakistan one of the largest players in the meat trade.

Karachi, Pakistan's largest air and sea port houses our state-of-the-art abattoir, strategically situated with access to international trade routes and certified to export to some of the largest regional markets around the globe, making sure there is never any delay in providing the freshest produce to our distributors abroad.

With a determined focus on our vision of becoming global leaders in the Halal food sector, we began by exporting red meat only to Dubai and have now expanded our reach to Saudi Arabia, Oman, Kuwait, Bahrain and Qatar and strive to widen our reach worldwide.

Having won the 'Best Export Performance' award several times for Fresh and Frozen Meat from the Federation of Pakistan Chambers of Commerce and Industry, we aim and are working towards further such accolades in the future.

Following are the countries Al Shaheer exports to:



## Retail

#### **Chef One**

Al Shaheer launched its new brand CHEF ONE nationwide during the year and is now available in all leading stores across Pakistan. Over the decades following the benchmarks set by Meat One, our new





brand Chef One offers convenience and meeting consumer needs with differentiated and diversified innovative frozen foods products like poultry, meat, and fish. Just like its predecessor, this brand also upholds the quality standards of health and hygiene. Chef One hopes to bring significant improvement in our customers' lives not just through delicious satisfaction to the taste buds but also through an assortment of product offerings currently unmet by any other local brand. This will hence be the perfect opportunity for the Company to expand its presence even further both locally and internationally through general and modern trade and B2B market.

## Retail

#### **Meat One**

There is a quagmire that residents of Karachi meat find themselves in when it comes to buying one top quality, healthy and hygienic meat that can be traced back to respectable origins. In some ways sadly, the choice is simple.





The contest is really between bad meat and worse meat, the quality being a direct function of how long the meat jostled around, marinating on the back of a truck, imbuing not only the sights and sounds of rural Pakistan, but also the urban air pregnant with lead, mercury and other highly undesirable elements.

Our meat buying practices are paradoxical to our lifestyles as most of us are forced to buy substandard meat at the local roadside butcher or perhaps at a higher end grocery store in more civilized surroundings. Either way, the origin of the meat remains entirely questionable.

This is where we come in. Owning and operating one of the largest abattoirs in Pakistan, we recognized that the practice of exporting good quality meat was a travesty, and realized the need to change this practice - to give Karachi a taste of good quality meat from free range animals. This was the obvious way of giving back to our country.

'Meat One' is a meat boutique; a concept which is not alien to most of Karachi, but one currently based on fantasy. The words "boutique" and "meat shop" do seem like two different ideas, but in effect it really translates into a unique opportunity to do something that has not been done before. Allow us to make this fantasy a reality. From nurturing to slaughtering, chilling, transporting and retailing, our products have to undergo stringent quality checks each step of the way. Halal, healthy and fresh, this meat is now being made available at various locations through specially designed Meat One boutiques.

Meat One is a concept meat shop, all about celebrating carnivorous yearnings. No more flailing arms like a banshee in an attempt to ward off the flies, no begums with their beautiful faces hidden behind duppattas, or worse yet contorted into ugliness due to the malodorous surroundings. Meat lovers will no longer have to worry about the dubious origins of their steak. Buying meat will no longer be the dreaded chore that is readily delegated to the errand boy, but will rather become an enjoyable weekly ritual.

Giving priority to health and hygiene, the shop is custom made, without compromising on aesthetics. The customers will be able to follow the whole process of meat preparation behind the glass counters and be thoroughly convinced of the quality of meat and the effort and honesty that the process entails.

## Retail

#### **Khaas Meat**

Who doesn't want the best quality in the best economical price? But is that even possible in today's day and age, you may ask?

All you see around you is inflated prices and





deteriorating quality. Either the quality keeps falling or the quantity keeps shrinking and you end up with almost half of the quantity at double the price. It's enough to make you give up and just accept this as the norm which will keep emptying your pockets giving you a half filled rumbling stomach and the never ending frustration of having to put up with this daylight robbery.

But don't give up hope just yet because this is where Al Shaheer Foods steps in with their 'aam' priced Khaas Meat. The February of 2014 saw the launching of Khaas Meat, Al Shaheer's second retail brand after the success of Meat One.

You may be wondering about the purpose of a second retail brand offering the same as the first with the difference of a name. Well, the name says it all. At Khaas Meat, there is no compromise on quality or hygiene but we have chopped the prices to cater to SEC B & C, providing our customers with premium quality meat processed in a hygienic environment.

You don't need to go to the local butcher shops and share your meat with the hundreds of flies, having the time of their lives on your overly priced mutton leg. Khaas Meat is an upgrade to the existing butcher shops in the market providing high quality meat in a clean and hygienic environment.

Kiosk butcher shops being our primary competitors, it took a lot of hard work and dedication to place a firm foothold in that market but we managed to establish and secure our customers' loyalty. Our customers are offered the best meat of beef, mutton and chicken from animals that have been verified safe and healthy by our vets and which is compliant with international meat standards.

The best export quality meat can be found at our retail stores along with great service from competent, courteous and friendly staff. Our outlets are designed not only with an aesthetic sense but in a way that our customers can follow the whole process of meat preparation leaving no doubts about the quality of meat they are buying.

Our par excellence services and products have helped us make our mark in a significantly short period of time. The growth of Khaas Meat proves our claims of high quality and affordable prices and this will only keep increasing with our reputation and service.

# Delivery & E-Commerce

As a pioneer in the organized meat industry, we take it upon ourselves to provide our customers with the best of our products and services by adding the prime value of home delivery. An ideal hassle free delivery service not only contributes to the convenience of our consumers but also follows an effective timely response meeting all goals keeping each business front satisfied.

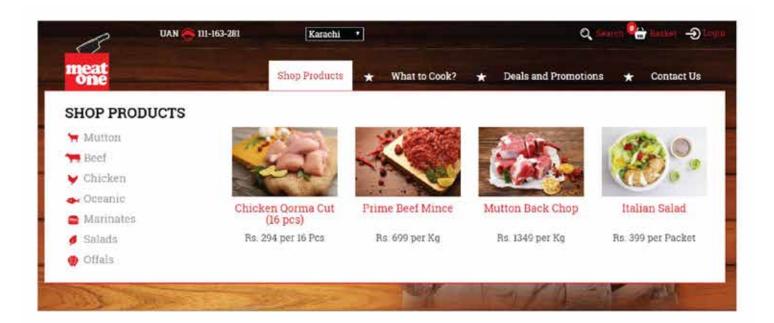








Initially the delivery service was being provided through a traditional way of call center in which a customer dials 1-11-MEAT-1 and place his/her order. But digitization has changed consumer buying behavior and people seek for more convenience. Keep this behavior in mind, Meat One has come up with e-commerce enabled website (www.meatone. net) to add more value and experience to consumer's convenience. Through e-commerce, the freshest Meat is just clicks away from the door step of consumers. Meat One's exceptional Store-to-Door delivery service combined with more convenient e-commerce facility takes consumer's shopping experience to new heights.



# FROM STORE-TO-DOOR! CALL NOW



## 11-11-MEAT-1



## Professional Line

Traveling by air? Dining at a restaurant? Having lunch at your office cafeteria? What is one of your top concerns?

The hygiene and freshness of the food they are serving, right?

Well, that will be the least of your worries now



because the meat providers are none other than Al Shaheer Foods.



Meat has always been the main issue of concern regarding its origin, freshness, quality and distribution with Al Shaheer Foods ticking all these boxes every single time. This is especially important at the institutional level because they in turn have to serve the best to their customers. We realize that along with the institution's reputation it is mainly the provider's which is at stake, which is why Al Shaheer makes no compromises in providing the best quality of meat.

The overwhelming success of Meat One retail outlets and the massive positive response from household consumers encouraged us to widen our reach and serve consumers at the institutional level. In 2013, with a firm foothold in export and retail business, Al Shaheer ventured to serve local B2B customers, mainly Hotels, Restaurants, Hospitals and Corporates.

Having a start with shared retail resources, our Institutional Sales Unit gradually grew into a separate department, keeping in mind the requirements of bulk consumers. Fulfilling the needs of corporate clients being our primary objective, our clients in various cities have increased in a short span of time and the number keeps on increasing.

We don't believe in overpricing our products which is why our local clients with bulk orders are served premium products at cost efficient rates. We are a one stop solution to all our clients whose complete meat procurement requirements are satisfactorily and conveniently fulfilled by Al Shaheer Foods.

Our clients are primarily from three different channels. The first channel is HoReCa which includes Hotels, Restaurants, Cafes, Clubs and Caterers which consumes meat to make their primary offering i.e. food. They are pitched on the basis of food quality and taste.

The second channel is in-house Kitchens, Airlines, Hospitals & Ship Chandlers - These customers are pitched on the basis of price consciousness and value for money.

The third channel is Educational Institutions - In-house cafeterias which prepare fresh food for students and staff. These customers are targeted on the basis of nutrition and health benefits.



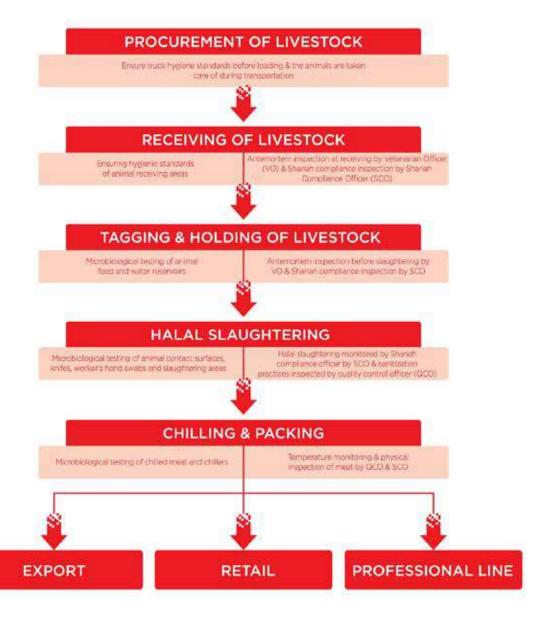
#### **Certificates & Accreditations**

- 1. HALAL certification on Pakistan HALAL standard PS 3733:2016
- 2. HALAL certification on international HALAL standard MS 1500
- 3. HALAL certification on UAE / GSO 993:2015 (HALAL slaughtering standard)
- 4. ISO 22000:2005
- 5. HACCP
- 6. ISO 14001:2015 7. OHSAS 18001:2007 8. ISO 9001:2015

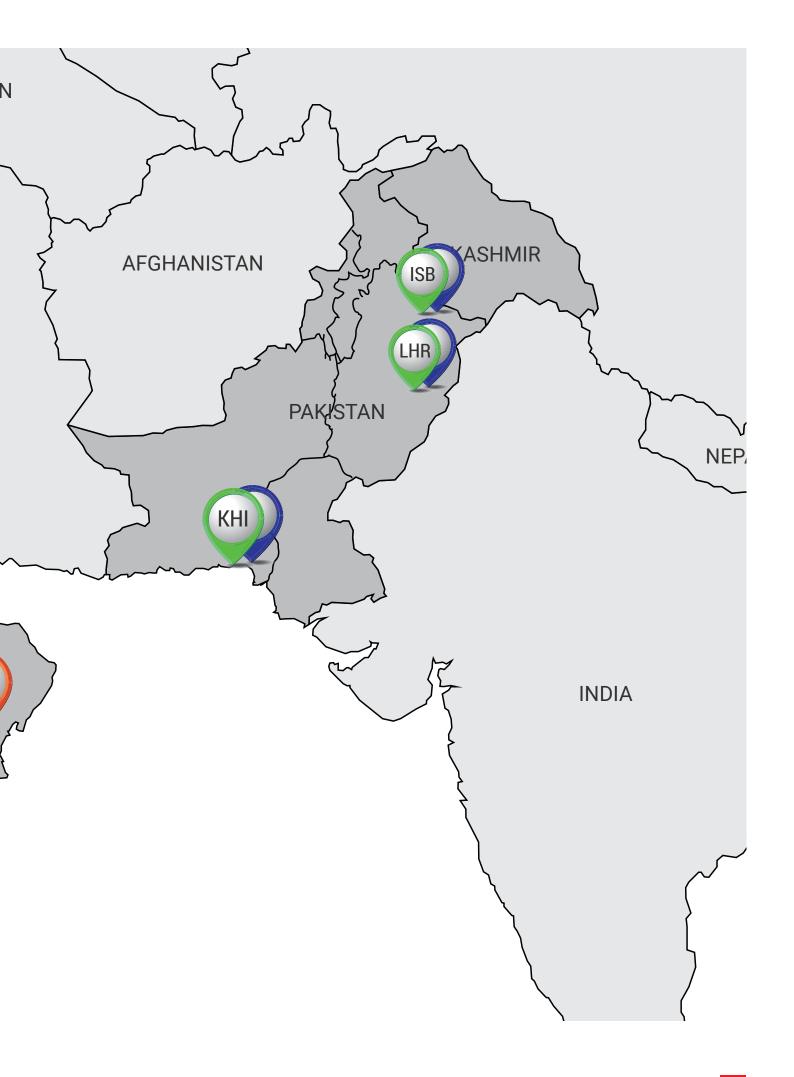
## Value Supply Chain

From sparkling, air-conditioned stores that eliminate the risk of meat going bad on the shelves, to a closely-monitored supply chain, Al Shaheer Corporation Ltd is rapidly changing meat shopping in Pakistan, transforming the once-dreaded experience of visiting the butcher into a comfortable, hygienic experience.

We take care to ensure only the best, export-quality meat makes it to the customer's table. Before the Halal slaughtering of the meat, it is ensured that all animals are examined by veterinarians and are thoroughly cleaned, the meat is examined once again after slaughter, to ensure that only the freshest and healthiest meats make it to their stores. All our outlets are based on international hygiene standards, with a state of the art abattoir in Karachi receiving a HACCP (Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points) certification. Indeed, even in transport, every step is taken to ensure the quality of the meat is not compromised, as a special fleet of chilled trucks transports all meat to our retail outlets, keeping it fresh in controlled temperature, but never frozen so it retains the nutrition and reaches the customer in best way possible, as fresh as it could get.







## Corporate Governance

#### Stakeholder Interests

Al Shaheer Corporation Ltd. adopts the best corporate governance practices to maintain the proper balance in the allocation of rights, powers, duties and responsibilities among managers, the Board of Directors and share-holders.

The foremost objective of our business is to create economic and social value for our stakeholders. The extended contribution of our stakeholders towards our growth and existence is valuable for the Company. We cannot hold our purpose without input from the stakeholders.



#### **Shareholders**

Safeguarding our shareholders' interest is our prime responsibility. Our shareholders' interest revolves around good returns, profitability, growth and regulatory compliances. We respond to our shareholders' expectations through improvement in business mechanics, effective governance and corporate reporting

#### Investor Relations

The Company has a policy which sets out the principles in providing the shareholders and prospective investors with necessary information to make well informed investment decisions and to ensure a level playing field.

To keep transparency in the relation between the Company and its shareholders, the website of Al Shaheer Corporation Ltd. contains all the major financial information needed for investors' decision making in a separate tab of "Investor Relations" (http://www.alshaheer.net/ investor-relations/).

#### **Customers and Suppliers**

Sustaining and developing long term relationship with our customers and suppliers forms the key of our business success. Our sales and marketing team remain in close contact to our stakeholders to resolve issues on a priority basis. We continue to engage with our customers and suppliers through meetings, market visits and communications.

Our procurement teams are in continuous contact with suppliers and vendors thorough meetings and correspondence to resolve all queries for on time deliveries of livestock and other supplies. Cooperation of our suppliers gives us an extra edge over our competitors.

#### **Banks and Other Lenders**

We value our relationship with our financial partners and lenders. Periodic briefings, quarterly financial reporting, head office and factory visits are the main means for our engagement with this category of stakeholders.

#### Regulators

Our commitment to compliance with laws and regulations is evident from our Corporate team's continued efforts for efficient and effective legal and regulatory obedience. The engagement includes submission of periodic reports, responding to enguiries and meetings as and when required. Active engagement with regulators improves level of compliance.

#### **Employees**

Our company has extensive employee engagement schemes in place. The employees' issues revolve around work life balance, training and development and rewards. Employee meetings are on regular intervals in the form of quarterly town hall meetings, celebrating sports day and team building activities. Employee engagement improves the level of dedication and hard work.

#### Media

Ads and campaigns are launched in media based on marketing requirements. Interaction with media improves the brand image of the Company.

#### **Board of Directors**

The Board of Directors consists of qualified individuals possessing knowledge, experience and skills in various professions, with the leadership and vision to provide oversight to the Company. The Board is assisted by two Committees, namely the Audit Committee and the Human Resource Committee, to support its decision-making in their respective domains:

#### **Audit Committee**

Mr. M. Zubair Haider Shaikh Chairman Mr. Muhammad Qaysar Alam Member Mr. Umair Ahmed Khalili Member

The Audit Committee comprised of one Non-Executive Director and two Independent Non-Executive Directors. The members of the audit committee possess relevant financial expertise and experience. The Chief Executive Officer (CEO), the Chief Financial Officer (CFO), the Chief Internal Auditor (CIA) and the external auditor attend Audit Committee meetings by invitation. The Audit Committee also separately meets the Chief Internal Auditor (CIA) and external auditors at least once a year without the presence of the Management.

Meetings of the Audit Committee are held at least once every quarter. The Committee reviews the annual financial statements in the presence of external auditors. The recommendations of the Audit Committee are then submitted for approval of financial results of the Company by the Board. During the year 2021-22, the Audit Committee held four (4) meetings. The minutes of the meetings of the Audit Committee are provided to all the members, Directors and the CFO. The CIA attends the Audit Committee meetings regularly and meets the Audit Committee without the presence of the Management, at least once a year, to point out various risks, their intensity and suggestions for mitigating risks and improvement areas. The business risks identified are referred to the respective departments and mitigating actions are then implemented.

#### **Human Resource Committee**

Mr. Zillay A. Nawab Chairman
Mr. Kamran Ahmed Khalili Member
Mr. Muhammad Qaysar Alam Member
Mr. Umair Ahmed Khalili Member
Ms. Sabeen Fazli Alavi Member

The HRC comprises three Independent Non-Executive Directors, one Executive Director and one Non Executive Director. The Chairperson of the HRC is an Independent Non-Executive Director. HRC meetings are conducted at such frequency as the Chairperson may determine. The minutes of the meetings are provided to all members and Directors.

#### Offices of the Chairman & CEO

Being a corporate governance compliant company, Al Shaheer Corp. Ltd. designates separate persons for the positions of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the office of the Chief Executive with clear division of roles and responsibility.

#### **Roles of the Chairman & CEO**

The Chairman and the Chief Executive have separate and distinct roles. The Chairman has all the powers vested under the Code of Corporate Governance and presides over Board meetings. The Chief Executive Officer performs his duties under the powers vested by the law and the Board and recommends and implements the business plans and is responsible for overall control and operation of the Company.

#### **Directors' Orientation and Training**

The Directors of the Company are well experienced and have diverse backgrounds. At the time of induction of any new director, he or she is given proper orientation about the operations of the Company and his or her fiduciary responsibilities. five Directors of the Company are also certified under the Directors Training Program offered by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and Institute of Business Administration (IBA).

#### **Evaluation of Board Performance**

Board Evaluation Mechanism facilitates the Board of Directors to evaluate and assess its performance for providing strategic leadership and oversight to the management. Accordingly, procedure is in place to assist in the self-assessment of individual director and the full Board's performance.

#### Report of the Audit Committee

Meetings of the Board Audit Committee are held at least once every quarter. Four meetings of the Audit Committee were held during the year 2021-2022. Based on reviews and discussions in these meetings, the Audit Committee reports that

- The Company has adhered, without any material departure, with both the mandatory and voluntary provisions of the Pakistan Stock Exchange, Code of Corporate Governance, Company's Code of Conduct and values and the best practices of governance throughout the year
- The Company has issued a Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance which has also been reviewed and certified by the external auditors of the Company.
- The Audit Committee reviewed and approved the quarterly, half yearly and annual financial statements of the Company and recommended them for approval of the Board of Directors.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied. Applicable International Accounting Standards and International
  Financial Reporting Standards were followed in preparation of financial statements of the Company on a going concern basis,
  which present fairly the state of affairs, results of operations, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company.
- Accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment. Proper and adequate accounting records have been maintained by the Company in accordance with the Companies Act, 2017 and the external reporting is consistent with management processes and adequate for shareholder needs.
- The financial statements comply with the requirements of the Fourth Schedule to the Companies Act, 2017 and applicable International Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards notified by SECP.

M. Zubair Haider Shaikh

**Chairman - Audit Committee** 



## **Statement of Compliance**

With the Code of Corporate Governance Regulations, 2019

Al Shaheer Corporation Ltd.

Year ended 30th June 2022

The Company has applied the principles contained in the CCG in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are 7 as per the following:

a. Male: 6 b. Female: 1

2. The composition of the board is as follows:

Independent Directors	Mr. Adeeb Ahmad
	Mr. M. Zubair Haider Shaikh
	Mr. Saiyid Zillay A Nawab Rizvi
	Mr. Muhammad Qaysar Alam
	Ms. Sabeen Fazli Alavi
Executive Directors	Mr. Kamran Ahmed Khalili (CEO)
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Umair Ahmed Khalili
Female Director	Ms. Sabeen Fazli Alavi

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
- 4. The Company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the company.
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8. The board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for the remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. All directors required to obtain certification under director training program have obtained the said certification during the year.
- 10. Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary resigned during the year and the Board has approved the appointment of the Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary on 29 November 2021 and on 04 March 2022 respectively. There was no new appointment of Head of Internal Audit.
- 11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.

12. The board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

Audit Committee	Mr. M. Zubair Haider Shaikh (Chairman of the Audit Committee)
	Mr. Muhammad Qaysar Alam
	Mr. Umair Ahmed Khalili
Human Resource & Remunera-	Mr. Zillay A Nawab (Chairman of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee)
tion Committee	Mr. Kamran Ahmed Khalili
	Mr. Muhammad Qaysar Alam
	Ms. Sabeen Fazli Alavi
	Mr. Umair Ahmed Khalili

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the committees were as per following:

Name of Committee	Number of Meetings
Audit Committee	4
Human Resource Committee	Nil

- 15. The Board has outsourced the internal audit function to Parker Russell-A.J.S., who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouses, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the CEO, CFO, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of Regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.
- 19. Explanation with regard to other non-mandatory requirements, i.e. other than regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 is as below:

Non-Mandatory	Provision
---------------	-----------

The Human Resource committee shall meet at least once in a financial year and may meet more often if requested by a member of the Board, or committee itself or the chief executive officer and the head of human resource or any other person appointed by the Board may act as the secretary of the committee.

#### **Regulation Reference**

28 (3)

#### **Explanation**

During the year, no Human Resource Committee meeting had been held. The HR Committee has taken notice of the same and will ensure compliance in future.

Chairman - Board of Directors Dated: November 4, 2022



Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman

1st & 3rd Floor, Modern Motors House, Beaumont Road, Karachi, Pakistan.

T +9221 35672951-56

TO THE MEMBERS OF AL SHAHEER CORPORATION LIMITED
REVIEW REPORT ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE CONTAINED IN
LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS,
2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited (the Company) for the year ended 30 June 2022 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements, we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2022.

**Chartered Accountants** 

Place: Karachi

Date: 04 November 2022

SAL SI R

UDIN: CR2022100932bmAyWvwY





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### To the members of Al-Shaheer Corporation Limited

#### Report on the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

T +922135672951-56

Rahman

1st & 3rd Floor.

Beaumont Road, Karachi, Pakistan,

**Grant Thornton Anjum** 

Modern Motors House.

Opinion

We have audited the annexed unconsolidated financial statements of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited (the Company), which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the unconsolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the unconsolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us, the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the unconsolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2022 and of the loss, total comprehensive loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Chartered Accountants grantthornton.pk



S.No	Key audit matters	How the matter was addressed in
		our audit
1.	Revenue recognition and trade debts	
	Refer notes 13 and 30 to the unconsolidated financial statements.	Our audit procedures among others included:
The Company's revenue comprises of both local and export sales. Sales are generated through retail outlets and the corporate customers involving large volume of transactions. Further, trade debts generated through sales are subject to assessment of allowance for expected credit loss (ECL) in accordance with IFRS 9 – "Financial Instruments".	We reviewed the terms and conditions of transactions for both export and local sales and assessed the appropriateness of revenue recognition policies and practices followed by the Company.  We tested controls over revenue	
	We identified revenue recognition and associated trade debts as a key audit matter due to large volume of transactions and use of significant estimates and judgements by the management in respect of ECL.	recognition and reporting process within export and local sales including sales to retail and corporate customers.
	of EGE.	<ul> <li>We performed analytical review procedures and other test of details for export and local sales including procedures ensure that revenue has been recognised in the appropriate accounting period.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>We reviewed the methodology developed and applied by the management to estimate the allowance for ECL against trade debts.</li> </ul>
		We assessed the integrity and quality of the data used for ECL computation based on the accounting records and information system of the Company.
		We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in accordance with the financial reporting standards.



2.	Capital expenditure	
	Refer note 7 to the unconsolidated financial statements.  The Company operates in a capital intensive industry and resultantly has invested significantly in assets of capital nature. As at 30 June 2022 the net book value of property, plant and equipment amounted to Rs 5.463 million including Rs3.517 million capitalized during the current.  Operating fixed assets represent a significant portion of the Company's assets and accordingly, we have identified capital expenditure as a key audit matter	<ul> <li>We obtained an understanding of the Company's process with</li> </ul>
3.	First year audit	
	We have been engaged to perform the audit of the Company for the first time i.e. for the year ended 30 June 2022. Initial audit engagements involve a number of considerations not associated with recurring audits. Additional planning activities and considerations necessary to establish an appropriate audit strategy and audit plan include gaining an initial understanding of the Company and its business, obtaining sufficient audit evidence regarding the opening balances including the selection and application of accounting principles and communicating with the previous auditors.	including the following:  - We reviewed the predecessor auditor's work paper files and made additional inquiries of the predecessor auditors about matters that may affect our audit in the current period.



Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
  accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty
  exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's
  ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists,
  we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in
  the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to
  modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to
  the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the
  Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the unconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide to the Board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our



Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the unconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide to the Board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our



report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the unconsolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

#### Other Matter

The unconsolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2021 were audited by another firm of chartered accountants who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements dated 27 October 2021.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Khurram Jameel.

Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi

Date: 4 November 2022

UDIN: AR202210093U5Ycak9Dt

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### **Unconsolidated Statement of Financial Position**

As at June 30, 2022

		2022	2021
ASSETS	Note	Rupee	s in '000'
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
NON-CORNENI ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	7	5,463,374	5,553,067
Intangible assets	8	47,073	2,224
Long-term investment	9	14,940	19,049
Long-term loan	10	6,439	9,161
Deferred tax asset - net	11	326,678	281,377
		5,858,504	5,864,878
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stock-in-trade	12	289,061	249,142
Trade debts	13	3,094,203	2,040,752
Loans and advances	14	338,904	371,844
Trade deposits and prepayments		13,907	15,649
Other receivables	15	366,087	442,087
Taxation - net		134,947	147,950
Cash and bank balances	16	8,286	74,857
		4,245,395	3,342,281
TOTAL ASSETS		10,103,899	9,207,159
FOUNTY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised capital		3,000,000	3,000,000
300,000,000 (2021: 300,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each			
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	17	2,999,389	2,999,389
Share premium		1,507,705	1,507,705
Unappropriated profit		898,634	1,122,939
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	18	750,199	767,877
		6,155,927	6,397,910
			·
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term financing	19	731,640	579,898
Deferred income - government grant	20	-	2,033
Lease liabilities	21	90,226	46,893
Deferred liability	22	102,850	76,069
CURRENT LIABILITIES		924,716	704,893
Trade and other payables	23	1,069,546	781,405
Short-term borrowings	24	1,637,867	710,962
Due to a related party	25	4,446	2,182
Accrued mark-up	26	117,787	90,768
Current portion of long-term financing	19	138,862	450,705
Current portion of deferred income - government grant	20	870	4,399
Current portion of lease liabilities	21	53,878	63,935
		2 022 256	2,104,356
		3,023,256	Z,1U4,300 
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		10,103,899	9,207,159
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	27		

The annexed notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

## **Unconsolidated Statement of Profit or Loss**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2022	2021	
	Note	Rupees	s in '000'	
Turnover	28	6,043,329	5,367,507	
Cost of sales	29	(5,209,972)	(4,049,975)	
Gross profit		833,357	1,317,532	
Administrative and general expenses	30	(1,334,888)	(894,442)	
Other expenses	31	(4,109)	(130,296)	
Other income	32	571,211	562	
Operating (loss) / profit		65,571	293,356	
Finance cost	33	(296,966)	(181,400)	
(Loss) / profit before taxation		(231,395)	111,956	
Taxation	34	(7,423)	1,081	
Net (loss) / profit for the year		(238,818)	113,037	
		(Rupees)		
(Loss) / earnings per share - basic / diluted	35	(0.80)	0.38	

The annexed notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

## Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022	2021	
	Rupees in '000'		
Net (loss) / profit for the year	(238,818)	113,037	
Other comprehensive income			
Items not to be reclassified to statement of			
profit or loss in subsequent years			
Remeasurement loss on defined benefit plan (net of tax)	(3,165)	(4,433)	
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year	(241,983)	108,604	

The annexed notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

**Chief Executive Officer** 

Director

## **Unconsolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

As at June 30, 2022

	Issued, subscribed and	Capital Revenue reserve reserve		Revaluation surplus on	Total
	paid-up capital	Share premium	Unappropriated profit	property, plant and equipment	iotai
			- Rupees in '000' -		
Balance as at 30 June 2020	1,999,593	1,507,705	1,023,332	788,049	5,318,679
Net profit for the year	-	-	113,037	-	113,037
Other comprehensive loss	-		(4,433)	-	(4,433)
Total comprehensive income for the year	_		108,604		108,604
,			,		,
Issuance of right shares	999,796	-	-	-	999,796
Issue cost on right shares			(29,169)		(29,169)
Revaluation surplus on property, plant					
and equipment realised on account of					
incremental depreciation -net of tax	_	_	20,172	(20,172)	_
incremental depreciation flet of tax			20,112	(20,112)	
Balance as at 30 June 2021	2,999,389	1,507,705	1,122,939	767,877	6,397,910
Net loss for the year	-	-	(238,818)	-	(238,818)
Other comprehensive loss			(3,165)	-	(3,165)
Total comprehensive loss for the year			(241 002)		(241 002)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	(241,983)	-	(241,983)
Revaluation surplus on property, plant					
and equipment realised on account of					
incremental depreciation -net of tax	-	-	17,678	(17,678)	-
Balance as at 30 June 2022	2,999,389	1,507,705	898,634	750,199	6,155,927
TI					

The annexed notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

### **Unconsolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

As at June 30, 2022

	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Rupees i	n '000'
(Loss) / profit before taxation	(231,395)	111,956
Adjustments for non-cash items:		
Depreciation Amortisation Depreciation on right-of-use assets Provision for defined benefit plan Impairment loss on Subsidiary Allowance for ECL (Gain) / loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Finance cost	319,995 9,623 55,291 23,715 4,109 10,155 (1,866) 296,966 717,988	63,619 734 61,383 14,836 - 5,031 2,509 181,400 329,512
Operating profit before working capital changes	486,593	441,468
(Increase) / decrease in current assets:		
Stock-in-trade Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits and prepayments Other receivables	(39,919) (1,053,451) 32,940 1,742 76,000 (982,688)	(108,039) (55,326) (55,125) (568) (139,824) (358,882)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities: Trade and other payables	288,140	(18,128)
Cash (used in) / generated from operations	(207,955)	64,458
Taxes paid Gratuity paid Finance cost paid	(39,719) (413) (269,947)	(34,099) (12,937) (182,006)
Net cash used in operating activities  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(518,034)	(164,584)
Additions to property, plant and equipment Sale proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	(246,669) 5,482	(641,597) 4,505
Net cash used in investing activities	(241,187)	(637,092)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash received from issuance of shares Long-term financing - net Lease rentals paid Short term borrowings - net Due to a related party - net	(165,663) (70,855) 926,905 2,264	970,627 273,366 (71,320) (312,972) (27,511)
Net cash generated from financing activities	692,650	832,190
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(66,571)	30,514
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	74,857	44,343
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8,286	74,857

The annexed notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

### Notes to the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Al Shaheer Corporation Limited (the Company) was incorporated on 30 June 2012 and is quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange.

- 1.1 The Company is principally engaged in trading of different kinds of halal meat including goat, cow, chicken and fish, both for export market and local sales through chain of retail stores.
- 1.2 Geographical location and address of all the business units are as under:

Location	Business Unit
Suit # G/5/5, 3rd Floor, Mansoor Tower, Block-8, Shahrah-e-Roomi, Clifton, Karachi	Registered office
Plot Bearing Survey No. 348, Deh Shah Mureed, Tappo, Songal, Gadap Town, Karachi	Slaughter house
3.5km Manga Road Raiwand, Lahore	Poultry plant

1.3 These are the separate financial statements of the Company in which investment in subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment loss, if any.

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act);
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) as are notified under the Act; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Act and IFAS differ from the IFRSs, the provision of and directives issued under the Act and IFAS have been followed.

#### 3. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

- 3.1 These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for:
  - a) certain items of property, plant and equipment that are stated at revalued amount; and
  - b) defined benefit plan is measured at present value.
- These unconsolidated financial statements have been presented in Pakistani rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 4. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

### 4.1 Accounting standards effective for the year

There are certain new standards and amendments that are mandatory for the Company's accounting period beginning on 01 July 2021, but are considered either to be not relevant or to not have any significant effect on the Company's operations and are, therefore, not detailed in these financial statements.

### 4.2 Accounting standards not yet effective

There are certain new standards and amendments to the approved accounting standards that will be mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on / after 01 July 2022. However, the Company expects that these standards will not have any material impact on the future financial statements of the Company.

### 5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the unconsolidated financial statements:

### Property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the appropriateness of the rate of depreciation, useful life and residual value used in the calculation of depreciation. Further, where applicable, an estimate of the recoverable amount of assets is made for possible impairment on an annual basis. In making these estimates, the Company uses the technical resources available with the Company. Any change in estimates in future might affect the carrying amount of respective classes of property, plant and equipment, with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

### Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the appropriateness of the revaluation of property, plant and equipment (carried at revalued amounts) periodically for the purpose of ensuring that the carrying amount of the same does not differ materially from its fair value. In making this assessment, the Company uses the technical resources available with the Company. The revaluation exercise is carried out by independent professional valuers using various significant assumptions. Any change in assessment in future might affect the carrying amount of respective classes of fixed assets, with corresponding effect on surplus on revaluation of fixed assets.

### Determination of the lease term for lease contracts with extension and termination options

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. The Company has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### Impairment of financial assets

The Company uses a provision matrix to calculate Expected Credit Loss (ECL) for trade debts and other receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for Company's various customer that have similar loss patterns. The provision matrix is initially based on the Company's historical observed default rates. The Company calibrates the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the manufacturing sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Company's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

#### **Taxation**

In applying the estimate for income tax payable, the Company takes into account the applicable tax laws and the decision by appellate authorities on certain issues in the past. Instance where the Company's view differs from the view taken by the income tax department at the assessment stage and where the Company considers that its view on items of material nature is in accordance with law, the amounts are shown as contingency.

### Staff retirement benefits

The cost of defined benifit plan is determined using actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rate and future salary increases. Due to long-term nature of the plan, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

### 6. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 6.1 Property, plant and equipment

### **Operating fixed assets**

Except for land and computers and accessories all items of property, plant and equipment are stated at revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Land is stated at revalued amount less impairment, if any. Computers and accessories are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any.

Depreciation is charged to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss applying the reducing balance method depreciation is charged from the month in which an asset is available for use, while no depreciation is charged in the month on which an asset is disposed off.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to profit or loss as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements which increase the asset's remaining useful economic life or the performance beyond the current estimated levels are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

Gains or losses on disposals of operating assets, if any, are recognized in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss. The assets residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year end.

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of certain items of property plant and equipment are recognized, in unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income and accumulated in reserves in unconsolidated statement of changes in equity. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognized in unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the increase is first recognized in unconsolidated statement of profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first recognized in unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income to the extent of the remaining surplus attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss. The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each unconsolidated statement of financial position date for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying values may not be recoverable. If such indication exists where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amounts, the assets are written down to their recoverable amounts.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### Right-of-use (RoU) assets and lease liabilities

### i) Right-of-use (ROU) assets

The Company recognises a ROU asset at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). These are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of ROU assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option (if any) reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

The Company has the option, under its lease arrangements to lease the assets for additional terms. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the option to renew. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise (or not to exercise) the option to renew. Any change is accounted for change in estimate and applied prospectively with corresponding change in ROU assets and lease liabilities.

### Capital work-in-progress

These are stated at cost less impairment, if any, and consist of expenditure incurred and advances made in respect of operating fixed assets and intangible assets in the course of their acquisition, erection, construction and installation. The assets are transferred to relevant category of operating fixed assets or intangible assets when they are available for use.

### 6.2 Intangible assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment. Amortization is charged on reducing balance method over the useful lives of the assets. Amortisation is charged from the month the asset is available for use up to the month of derecognition. Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted, if appropriate.

### 6.3 Investment in subsidiary

These are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Provision is made for permanent impairment in the value of investment, if any.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 6.4 Stock-in-trade

These are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined as follows:

- Livestock, raw and packaging materials
- Stock-in-transit
- Finished Goods (Raw meat)

- invoice price of specific items
- at weighted average cost of purchases
- at weighted average cost of purchases

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Provision is recorded for slow moving and expired stock where necessary.

### 6.5 Cash and cash equivalents

These are stated at cost.

### 6.6 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### **Financial assets**

The Company classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) on the basis of both:

- The entity's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

### Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

### Financial assets measured at FVPL

A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- (a) Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding;
- (b) It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell; or
- (c) At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at FVPL when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

### Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those measured at FVPL, if any.

### **Impairment**

Financial assets at FVPL are not subject to impairment under IFRS 9.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The Company considers ECL for trade and other receivables and measures ECL using the probability of default (PD) and loss given default (LGD) estimates using the published information about these risk parameters. For trade and other receivables with no financing component and which have maturities of less than 12 months at amortised cost and, as such, the Company has chosen to apply an approach similar to the simplified approach for ECL. The Company uses the provision matrix as a practical expedient to measuring ECLs on trade receivables, based on days past due for groupings of receivables with similar loss patterns. The provision matrix is based on historical observed loss rates over the expected life of the receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates.

### Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised where the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass-through arrangement and the Company has:

- (a) Transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- (b) Neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

### Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is only offset and the net amount is reported in the unconsolidated statement of financial position if the Company has legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expenses arising from such assets and liabilities are also offset accordingly.

### 6.7 Staff retirement benefits

The Company operates an un-approved and unfunded defined gratuity scheme for all permanent employees who have completed the minimum qualifying year of service for entitlement of gratuity. The contributions to the scheme are made in accordance with the independent actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation is carried out as of reporting using Projected Unit Credit method.

### 6.8 Taxation

### Current

Provision for current tax is based on the taxable income in accordance with Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

### **Deferred**

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method for all temporary differences at the reporting date between tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits, if any, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which such temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 6.9 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

### 6.10 Foreign currency translations

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pak Rupees (functional currency) using the exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are retranslated into Pak Rupees using the exchange rate at the reporting date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the re-translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are taken to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss.

### 6.11 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at amounts that reflect the consideration that the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring goods. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The Company recognises revenue at a point in time when control of product is transferred to customer either on dispatch/acceptance of goods for local sales or issuance of the bill of lading in case of export sales. Control, depending on contractual terms, is considered to be transferred either when the product is directly uplifted by customer from Company premises or when it is delivered by the Company at customer premises. The Company generally enters generally enters into aggreement with its customers for supply of its products including delivery of product. As the transportation of product coincides with actual delivery, sale of product and transportation is considered single performance obligation. The credit limits in contract with customers varies depending on the terms of specific contract.

### 6.12 Borrowing costs

Borrowing and other related costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

### 6.13 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 6.14 Government Grant

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all attached conditions will be complied with. As the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees	in '000)
7.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating fixed assets	7.1	4,864,735	1,672,010
	Right-of-use assets	7.6	127,164	91,433
	Capital work-in-progress	7.5	471,474	3,789,624
			5,463,374	5,553,067

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 7.1 Operating fixed assets

Operating fixed assets				
		COST / REVALU	JED AMOUNT	
	As at July 01, 2021	Additions/ transfers	(Disposals)	As at June 30, 2022
		(Rupees in '	000)	
Freehold land	572,880	-	-	572,880
Leasehold land	483,829	11,044	-	494,873
Buildings	222,669	935,787	-	1,158,456
Plant and machinery	241,900	2,194,524	-	2,436,424
Furniture and fixture	205,810	212,064	-	417,874
Motor vehicles	126,275	20,591	(6,176)	140,690
Office equipment	170,255	135,229	-	305,484
Tools and equipment	26,894	631	-	27,525
Computers and accessories	55,184	7,521	-	62,705
2022	2,105,696	3,517,391	(6,176)	5,616,911
		COST / REVALU	JED AMOUNT	
	As at July 01, 2020	Additions / transfers	(Disposals)	As at June 30, 2021
		(Rupees in '	000)	
Freehold land	572,880	-	-	572,880
Leasehold land	442,499	41,330	-	483,829
Buildings	211,526	11,143	-	222,669
Plant and machinery	237,222	4,678	-	241,900
Furniture and fixture	200,147	6,391	(728)	205,810
Motor vehicles	111,611	25,061	(10,397)	126,275
Office equipment	168,566	1,689	-	170,255

48,323

2,019,668

6,861

97,153

(11,125)

55,184

2,105,696

Computers and accessories

2021

ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Rate	As at July 01, 2021	Charge for the year	(On disposals)	As at June 30, 2022	As at June 30, 2022
			(Rupees in '000)		-
-	-	-	-	-	572,880
-	-	-		-	494,873
10%	58,770	55,913	-	114,683	1,043,773
5% - 20%	81,977	185,117	-	267,094	2,169,330
10%	93,857	34,526	-	128,383	289,491
15%	49,596	13,600	(1,505)	61,691	78,999
15%	107,649	26,031	-	133,680	171,804
10%	13,356	1,421	-	14,777	12,748
10%	28,481	3,387		31,868	30,837
	433,686	319,995	(1,505)	752,176	4,864,735
		NET BOOK VALUE			
		ACCOMOLATED	DEPRECIATION		THE POOR VALUE
Rate	As at July 01, 2020	Charge for the year	(On disposals)	As at June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021
Rate	July 01,	Charge for the year		June 30, 2021	As at June 30,
Rate -	July 01,	Charge for the year	(On disposals)	June 30, 2021	As at June 30,
Rate -	July 01, 2020 	Charge for the year	(On disposals)	June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021
- - 10%	July 01, 2020 	Charge for the year	(On disposals)	June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021  572,880
-	July 01, 2020  -	Charge for the year - -	(On disposals) (Rupees in '000)	June 30, 2021 	As at June 30, 2021 572,880 483,829
- - 10%	July 01, 2020  - 41,711	Charge for the year - - 17,059	(On disposals) (Rupees in '000)	June 30, 2021 - - - 58,770	As at June 30, 2021 572,880 483,829 163,899
- - 10% 5% - 20%	July 01, 2020 - - 41,711 72,940	Charge for the year  17,059 9,037	(On disposals) (Rupees in '000)	June 30, 2021 - - - 58,770 81,977	As at June 30, 2021 572,880 483,829 163,899 159,923
- 10% 5% - 20% 10%	July 01, 2020 - - 41,711 72,940 81,780	Charge for the year  17,059 9,037 12,077	(On disposals) (Rupees in '000)	June 30, 2021 - - 58,770 81,977 93,857	As at June 30, 2021 572,880 483,829 163,899 159,923 111,953
- 10% 5% - 20% 10% 15%	July 01, 2020 - - 41,711 72,940 81,780 43,221	Charge for the year	(On disposals) (Rupees in '000)	June 30, 2021  58,770 81,977 93,857 49,596	As at June 30, 2021 572,880 483,829 163,899 159,923 111,953 76,679
- 10% 5% - 20% 10% 15%	July 01, 2020 41,711 72,940 81,780 43,221 96,922	Charge for the year	(On disposals) (Rupees in '000)	June 30, 2021  58,770 81,977 93,857 49,596 107,649	As at June 30, 2021  572,880  483,829  163,899  159,923  111,953  76,679  62,606

NET BOOK VALUE

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

7.1.1 Except for computer and accessories, the company carries its fixed assets at revalued amount. The latest revaluation was carried out on 30 June 2018 which resulted in a surplus of Rs. 673.5 Million

			2022	2021
7.2	Depreciation for the year has been allocated as follows:	Note	(Rupees	s in '000)
	Cost of sales	29	151,717	27,744
	Administrative and distribution costs	30	168,279	35,875
			319,995	63,619

### 7.3 Particulars of immovable assets are as follows:

Location	Addresses	Total Area	
Karachi	Suite G/5/5, 3rd Floor, Mansoor Tower, Block-8, Clifton.	5,000 Sq. Fts	
Karachi	Survey No. 348, Deh Shah Mureed, Tapu Songle.	18.22 Acres	
Karachi	Banglow # D-143 KDA Scheme No. 5 Clifton.	983.33 Sq. Yards	
Karachi	Plot No.GA-55, 56-A6, 57-A9, Korangi Creek Industrial Park.	6,780.84 Sq. Yards	
Lahore	Rohinala Bypass, 3.5KMs Manga Raiwind Road.	11 Acres	

7.4 The details of operating fixed assets disposed off during the year having book value of more than Rs. 500,000/- are as follows:

	Mode of dis- posal	Cost / Re- valuation	Accumulat- ed depreci- ation	Net book value	Sale pro- ceeds	Gain / (loss)	Particulars of purchasers
				Rupees in	'000		
<b>Motor vehicles</b> Suzuki Cultus BFL-730	Company policy	1,117	474	643	445	(198)	Imran Zafar - Employee
Suzuki Mehran BCH -971	Company policy	726	442	284	309	25	Kamran Ahmed - Employee
Suzuki Cultus BFJ-740	Company policy	975	237	738	1,100	362	Muhammad Najam
Suzuki Cultus AXN-321	Company policy	941	722	219	560	341	Muhammad Najam
Toyota Altis BLM - 317	Company policy	2,214	922	1,292	2,750	1,458	Muhammad Najam
Suzuki Mehran BFT - 901	Company policy	727	287	440	318	(122)	Muhammad Ali Rawat- Employee
		6,700	3,084	3,616	5,482	1,866	
2022		6,700	3,084	3,616	5,482	1,866	
2021		11,125	4,111	7,014	4,505	(2,509)	

2022	2021
(Rupe	es in '000)

### 7.5 Capital work-in-progress

1	Land
1	Building
	Plant and machinery
1	Furniture and fixture
1	Office equipment
1	Computers
	Software under development

-	11,044
156,554	1,089,407
314,919	2,411,085
-	196,945
-	23,798
-	2,873
-	54,472
471,474	3,789,624

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **7.5.1** The movement in capital work-in-progress during the year is as follows:

	Land	Building	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipement	Computers	Software under development	Total
				Rupees	in '000			
Opening Additions Transfers	11,044 - (11,044)	1,089,407 - (932,853)	2,411,085 43,990 (2,140,155)	196,945 - (196,945)	23,798 - (23,798)	2,873 - (2,873)	54,472 - (54,472)	3,789,624 43,990 (3,362,139)
Closing	-	156,554	314,919				-	471,474

			2022	2021
7.6	Right-of-use assets	Note	(Rupees i	n '000)
	Opening net book value		91,433	158,851
	Additions during the year		91,022	5,032
	Disposal during the year		-	(7,807)
	Depreciation for the year - charged to	30	(55,291)	(61,383)
	administractive and general expenses	30	(33,291)	(01,303)
	Closing net book value		127.164	91.433

### INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	As at 01 July 2021	COST  Additions/ Transfer ( Rupees in '000	As at 30 June 2022 )	ACCUMI As at 01 July 2021	JLATED AMORT For the year(Rupe	As at	WRITTEN DOWN VALUE As at 30 June 2022	RATE
omputer oftware	12,281	54,472	66,753	10,057	9,623	19,680	47,073	25
2022	12,281	54,472	66,753	10,057	9,623	19,680	47,073	
2021	12,281	-	12,281	9,323	734	10,057	2,224	25

		,	-7	 ,	=/== :	
					2022	2021
9.	LONG-TERM INVESTMENT			Note	(Rupees	in '000)
	Subsidiary Company - unquoted					
	Al Shaheer Farms (Private) Limited					
	5,570,000 ordinary shares of Rs.10 each					
	Equity held: 51%					
	At cost				55,700	55,700
	Provision for impairment			9.1	(40,760)	(36,651)
					14,940	19,049
9.1.	Provision for impairment					
	Opening balance				36,651	36,651
	Charge during the year			31	4,109	-
	Closing balance				40,760	36,651
10.	LONG-TERM LOAN					
	Long term				10,361	13,461
	Loan paid during the year				(2,722)	(3,100)
	Long term loan				7,639	10,361
	•					
	Less: current maturity				(1,200) 6,439	<u>(1,200)</u> 9,161
					0,439	9,101

Represents loan extended to an executive secured against his personal property. This loan is recoverable in 200 monthly installments and is interest free.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		_		
			2022	2021
11.	DEFERRED TAX ASSET - net	Note	(Rupees	in '000)
	Defendance and destile terms will difference			
	Deferred tax asset on deductible temporary differences: Unused tax losses / credits		460 705	070 140
	·		460,705	272,148
	Provisions		32,458	33,868
	Defermed toy lightlifty on toyable temporary differences		493,164	306,016
	Deferred tax liability on taxable temporary differences:  Accumulated tax depreciation		(157,539)	(14 922)
	Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment			(14,832) (9,807)
	Revaluation Surplus on property, plant and equipment		(8,947)	,
		11.1	(166,486)	(24,639)
		11.1	326,678	281,377
11 1	Movement in deferred tax asset is as follows:			
	movement in deferred tax addet to do follows.			
	Balance at beginning of the year		281,377	246,790
	- recognised in profit or loss		44,986	36,774
	- recognised in other comprehensive income		315	(2,187)
	Balance at end of the year		326,678	281,377
	,		<u> </u>	
12.	STOCK-IN-TRADE			
	Livestock		143,766	180,629
	Raw and packaging materials		57,562	12,255
	Stock in transit		17,036	42,487
	Finished goods		70,697	13,771
			289,061	249,142
13.	TRADE DEBTS - unsecured			
	Considered good			
	Overseas		2,832,169	1,936,712
	Local		2,032,109	1,930,112
	- related party - Enrich Foods (Pvt) Limited		2,206	1,093
	- others		259,828	102,947
	others		262,034	104,040
			202,001	10 1,0 10
			3,094,203	2,040,752
			, ,	. ,
	Considered doubtful		56,551	46,396
	Allowance for ECL	13.1	(56,551)	(46,396)
			-	-
			3,094,203	2,040,752
13.1	Allowance for ECL			
	Opening balance		46,396	41,365
	Charge for the year	30	40,390 10,155	5,031
	Closing balance	30	56,551	46,396
	olosing balance		20,331	40,390

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			2021	2020
14.	LOANS AND ADVANCES - considered good	Vote	(Rupees	in '000)
	Loans - secured			
	Executives Other employees Current portion of long-term loan  Advances - unsecured Suppliers Others	10	5,826 4,122 1,200 11,147 318,491 9,266 327,756 338,904	4,114 4,595 1,200 9,909 356,115 5,820 361,935 371,844
15.	OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Sales tax receivable Receivable from shareholders Receivable against export rebate Others	15.1	181,363 1,496 180,708 2,519 366,087	182,321 1,496 253,667 4,603 442,087
15.1	Represents amount receivable from shareholders on account of tax on bonus shares issu	ıed du	ring the year 2015.	
			2022	2021
16.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	Vote	(Rupees	in '000)

			2022	2021
16.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	Note	(Rupees	s in '000)
	Cash in hand		4,828	33,095
			·	
	With banks:			
	Saving accounts	17.1	805	105
	Current accounts		2,653	41,657
	ourient accounte		3,458	41,762
			3,730	41,102
			0.000	74.057
			8,286	74,857

**16.1** These carry profit at the rates ranging between 6.04% to 6.50% (2021: 3.54% to 6.54%) per annum.

### 17. ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

•	LD, GODGGIIIDED AIND I A	ID OI OAI IIAL		11010	(Hupeco	, iii 000)
	2022 Number of share	2021 es in thousands	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each			
	187,762	187,762	Issued for cash		1,877,621	1,877,621
	26,000	26,000	Issued for consideration other than cash	17.1	260,000	260,000
	86,177	86,177	Issued as bonus shares		861,768	861,768
	299,939	299,939	-	17.2	2,999,389	2,999,389

<sup>17.1</sup> Represents shares issued at a face value of Rs.10 each against transfer of net assets from the amalgamated firms namely, 'Al Shaheer Corporation' and 'MeatOne'.

2022

2021

----- (Rupees in '000) ------

As at 30 June 2022, institutions and others held 48,007,174 and 251,931,656 shares, respectively (30 June 2021: 61,925,689 and 238,013,141). Voting rights, board selection, right of first refusal and block voting are in proportion to their shareholding.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			2022	2021
18.	REVALUATION SURPLUS ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	(Rupees	s in '000)
	Opening balance Transferred to unappropriated profit in respect of		778,785	800,358
	incremental depreciation during the year		(18,366)	(19,830)
	Disposal of fixed assets during the year		(524)	(1,743)
			759,895	778,785
	Related deferred tax liability			
	Opening balance		(10,908)	(12,309)
	Incremental depreciation charged during the year		1,212	1,401
			(9,696)	(10,908)
			750,199	767,877
19.	LONG-TERM FINANCING - secured		730,199	
	Diminishing musharaka			
	Askari Bank Limited	19.1	56,250	79,167
	Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	19.2	132,922	491,944
	Sindh Bank Limited	19.3	165,000	220,000
	First Habib Modaraba	19.4	44,327	32,286
	Faysal Bank Limited	19.5	81,250	100,000
	National Bank Limited	19.6	300,000	-
	Summit Bank Limited	19.7	49,734	-
	Payroll Financing		829,483	923,397
	Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	19.8	41,019	107,206
			870,502	1,030,603
	Less: current maturity		(138,862)	(450,705)
	•		731,640	579,898

Represents diminishing musharaka facility in respect of purchase of various fixed assets for a period of 5 years including 1 year grace period. It carries profit at the rate of 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having rev

### 19.2 This includes the following facilities:

a) Diminishing musharaka facility amounting to Rs.200 million in respect of procurement and installation of chicken processing plant for a period of 4 years including 1 year grace period and having maturity till January 2024 (June 30, 2021: January 2024). It carries profit at the rate of 3 months KIBOR + 2.5% per annum (June 30, 2021: 3 months KIBOR + 2.5% per annum). The facility is secured by exclusive charge over land and building and plant and machinery of the Company's chicken plant located in Lahore.

b) Diminishing musharaka facility amounting to Rs.350 million in respect of procurement and installation of chicken processing plant for a period of 4.5 years including 1.5 years grace period. It carries profit at the rate of 6 months KIBOR + 2% (June 30, 2020: 6 months KIBOR + 2%) per annum and having maturity till July 2023 and January 2024 (June 30, 2020: July 2023 and January 2024). The facility is secured by exclusive charge over land and building and plant and machinery of the Company's chicken plant located in Lahore.

c) Diminishing musharaka facility amounting to Rs.150 million in respect of improvement, replacement and expansion of existing slaughtering house for a period of 2 years. It carries profit at the rate of 3 months KIBOR + 2.5% per annum (June 30, 2020: 3 months KIBOR + 2.5%) and having maturity till November 30, 2021 (June 30, 2020: November 30, 2021). The facility is secured by exclusive charge over land and building and plant and machinery of chicken plant located in Lahore processing unit with 25% margin.

d) TERF financing facility amounting to Rs.123.650 million for procurement of Deep freezers. It carries profit at the rate of 5% per annum and having maturity till November 30, 2027 (June 30, 2021: November 30, 2027). The facility is secured by exclusive charge over land and building and plant and machinery of chicken plant located in Lahore processing unit with 25% margin.

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

- 19.4 Represents diminishing Musharikah facility carrying profit at the rate of 1 year KIBOR + 5.55% (June 30, 2021: KIBOR + 5.55%) per annum for local facility.

  Rs.145.04 million is secured by specific charge over plant and machinery. The remaining facility is secured by first mortgage charge over Gadap Land amounting to Rs 367 million.
- 19.5 Represents diminishing musharakah carrying profit at the rate of 3 months KIBOR + 4% (June 30, 2021: 3 months KIBOR + 4%) per annum. The facility is secured against residential Land (Musharaka Asset) for Rs. 106 million admeasuring 1000 sq. yards situated at Plot no. 156/I, Street No. 2, DHA Phase VIII-A, Karachi. The facility is secured against hypothecation charge of Rs.53 million over receivables of the Company and Rs.115 million exclusive charge over plant and machinery of the Company. Letter of Hypothecation over current assets of Rs.86.0 million and Letter of Hypothecation over receivables of Rs.85.700 million.
- 19.6 Represents diminishing musharakah carrying profit at the rate of 3 months KIBOR + 2.5% (June 30, 2021: 3 months KIBOR + 2.5%) per annum. The facility is secured against first Pari Passu charge of Rs. 100 million over all present and Future plant and machinery of the company, located at Rohinala Bypass, 3.5 KM Manga Raiwand Road, Lahore. The facility also is secured for Rs. 400 million First Charge over Equitable Mortgage, bearing Plot No.D-143, Block No. 4, Situated in KDA scheme No. 5, Clifton Karachi.
- 19.7 Represents diminishing musharakah carrying profit at the rate of KIBOR + 3% per annum. The facility is secured against exclusive charge of Rs. 73.50 million over Specific Plant & Machinery located at Karachi Facility at Survey No. 348, Deh Mureed, Tappo Songal, Gadap Town, Karachi.
- 19.8 Represents financing obtained under the refinance scheme for payment of wages and salaries introduced by State Bank of Pakistan carrying mark-up at the rate of SBP rate + 1% per annum (June 30, 2021: SBP rate + 1%). The loan along with the mark-up is repayable in 8 equal quarterly installments commencing from January 2021. The facility is secured by way of equitable mortgage charge over commercial property (Head Office).

20.	DEFERRED INCOME - GOVERNMENT GRANT	2022	2021
		(Rupee	s in '000)
	Balance at beginning of the year	6,432	2,080
	Recognised during the year	-	8,341
	Amortisation of deferred income - government grant	(5,562)	(3,989)
	Balance at end of the year	870	6,432
	Less: Current portion	(870)	(4,399)
			2,033
21	LEASE LIABILITIES		
	Lease liabilities	144,104	110,828
	Current portion of lease liabilities	(53,878)	(63,935)
		90,226	46,893
21.1	Reconciliation of the carrying amount is as follows:		
	Opening	110,828	175,532
	Addition / Reassessment of lease during the year	89,783	(10,884)
	Accretion of finance cost	14,347	17,501
	Lease rental payments made during the year	(70,855)	(71,321)
	Lease liability as at June 30,	144,104	110,828
	Current portion of lease liabilities	(53,878)	(63,935)
	Long-term lease liabilities as at June 30,	90,226	46,893
21.2	Maturity analysis		
	Gross lease liabilities - minimum lease payments:		
	Not later than one year	70,329	73,843
	Later than one year but not later than five years	102,737	52,330
		173,066	126,173
	Future finance charge	(28,962)	(15,345)
	Present value of finance lease liabilities	144,104	110,828

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

22.

DEFERRED LIABILITY	2022	2021
	(Rupees	
	· ·	•
Staff gratuity	102,850	76,069
The number of employees covered under		
the defined benefit scheme are:	725	426
The following a facility to fall account on a constant of the		
The following principal actuarial assumptions were used for the valuation of above mentioned scheme:		
valuation of above mentioned solicine.		
Financial assumptions		
- Discount rate (per annum compounded)	13.25%	9.00%
- Salary increase per annum	13.25%	9.00%
	2022	2021
Demographic assumptions	<b>CO</b>	<b>CO</b>
- Normal retirement	60 years 70% of the EFU	60 years 70% of the EFU
- Mortality rate	(61-66)	(61-66)
	(51 55)	(** ***)
	2022	2021
	(Rupees	in '000)
Liability in statement of financial position		
Drecent value of defined honefit obligations	102,850	76,069
Present value of defined benefit obligations	102,030	70,009
Movement in liability during the year		
Opening balance	76,069	71,924
Charged to profit or loss account	23,715	14,836
Benefits paid during the year	(413)	(12,937)
Actuarial loss recognised in other comprehensive income	3,479	2,246
Closing balance	102,850	76,069
Reconciliation of the present value of defined benefit obligations		
•		
Present value of defined benefit obligations as at July 01,	76,069	71,924
Current service cost	18,415	11,168
Finance cost	5,300	3,668
Benefits paid	(413)	(12,937)
Actuarial loss on obligation	3,479	2,246
Present value of defined benefit obligations as at June 30,	102,850	76,069
Charge for the defined benefit plan		
Cost resourced in profet and lose		
Cost recognised in profit and loss Current service cost	18,415	11,168
Finance cost	5,300	3,668
- manoc voot	23,715	14,836
		,000
Actuarial loss on defined benefit obligation		
recognised in other comprehensive income		
Actuarial laga / (soin) on defined honeft - Llin-tin-		
Actuarial loss / (gain) on defined benefit obligation	2.470	0.046
- Loss / (gain) due to change in experience adjustments	3,479 3,479	2,246 2,246
	3,419	2,240
Expected benefit payments to retirees in the following year	27,437	20,853
<del>- ·</del>		

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis has been performed by varying one assumption keeping all other assumptions constant and calculating the impact on the present value of the definde benifit obligations on various employee benifit schemes. The increase / (decrease) in the present value of definde benifit obligations as a result of change in each assumption is summarized below:

	2022	2021
	(Rupees in	· '000)
t rate by 1%	(2,186)	(1,794)
te by 1%	2,331	1,918
increment in salary by 1%	2,310	1,900
future increment in salary by 1%	(2,205)	(1,810)
Voore		

#### Comparison for Five Years

#### As at 30 June,

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
			(Rupees in '000)		-
Defined benefit obligation	102,850	76,069	71,924	73,386	59,639

			2022	2021
			(Rupees in '000)	
	Maturity Profile			
	Year 1		27,437	20,853
	Year 2		28,574	19,450
	Year 3		29,866	20,062
	Year 4		28,297	19,316
	Year 5		27,482	17,044
	Year 6 to Year 10		118,652	63,720
23.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees	in '000)
	Creditors:			,
	Trade		40,728	20,953
	Non-trade		708,779	523,795
			749,507	544,748
	Accrued liabilities		58,936	38,476
	Advance from customers		150,359	86,030
	Workers' profit Participation Fund		47,182	47,182
	Workers' Welfare Fund		22,842	22,842
	Retention money		2,520	2,520
	Other payables		38,200	39,608
			1,069,546	781,405
24.	SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS - Secured			
	Murabaha			
	Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	24.1	299,770	174,578
	Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	24.2	1,250,937	322,700
	Askari Bank Limited	24.3	87,160	99,950
			1,637,867	597,228
	Running Musharaka			113,734
			1,637,867	710,962

It carries profit at the rate of relevant KIBOR + 2.5% (June 30, 2021: LIBOR / KIBOR + 2.5%) per annum. The facility is secured by first pari passu charge over 24.1 receivables for Rs.334 million and first exclusive charge over specific plant and machinery of the Company for Rs.87 million and Rs.50 million respectively, duly insured in bank's favor. The facility is secured by first pari passu charge over Memorandum of Constructive Deposits of Title Deeds located at Raiwind Road, Lahore for Rs.390 million.

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

- This includes local as well as foreign currency facility carrying profit at the rate of KIBOR + 2% and LIBOR + 2% (June 30, 2021: KIBOR + 2% and LIBOR + 2%) per annum respectively. The facility is secured by the first registered pari passu hypothecation charge over receivables including trade receivables for Rs.400 million & Rs.600 million (June 30, 2021: Rs. 1,000 million) and the remaining facility is secured against exclusive charge over specific plant and machinery of Rs.43 million and Rs.64.29 million.
- 24.3 It carries profit at the rate of KIBOR + 1.75% (June 30, 2021: KIBOR + 1%) per annum. The facility is secured against 1st pari passu hypothecation charge of Rs.134 million over receivables of the Company.

#### 25. DUE TO A RELATED PARTY

Represents interest free loan obtained from the Chief Executive Officer of the company. The loan is unsecured and is repayable on demand.

26	ACCRITED	MARK-IIP

	2022	2021
Note	(Rupees in	ı '000)

- Long-term financing
- Short-term borrowings

43,212	61,505
74,576	23,209
117,787	90,768

### 27. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no contingencies and commitments as of 30 June 2022.

### 28. REVENUE - net

2022 2021
Note ------ (Rupees in '000) ------

Sales

Trade discount

6,140,047	5,445,970
(96,718)	(78,463)
6,043,329	5,367,507

28.1 Includes sales to Enrich Foods (Pvt) Limited - related party amounting to Rs. 1.213 million (2021: 0.957 million)

#### 29. COST OF SALES

2022 2021 Note ----- (Rupees in '000) -----

### Live stock and raw material consumed

Opening stock

Purchases

Closing stock

### **Conversion cost**

Salaries, wages and other benefits

Electricity, diesel and related expenses

Repairs and maintenance

Depreciation

Clearing and forwarding

Packing material consumed

Marination

Others

Coct	Λf	aboon	availa	hla	for	cala

### Finished goods

Opening stock

Closing stock

	235,371	134,611
	4,832,288	3,955,571
	(218,364)	(235,371)
	4,849,295	3,854,811
	95,717	43,634
	96,110	36,448
	8,174	8,202
7.2	151,717	27,744
	17,918	20,930
	38,703	53,527
	3,788	5,943
	4,980	6,014
	417,106	202,442
	5,266,401	4,057,252
	14,267	6,990
	(70,697)	(14,267)
	(56,430)	(7,277)
	5,209,972	4,049,975

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Note	2022	2021 s in '000)
30.	ADMINISTRATIVE AND DISTRIBUTION COSTS	Note	(Kupees	iii 000)
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	30.1	384,890	225,173
	Electricity, diesel and related expenses		53,904	31,759
	Repair and maintenance		24,653	9,865
	Fuel and vehicle maintenance		13,949	13,957
	Travelling and conveyance		32,746	4,348
	Telephone and communication		17,383	6,790
	Cargo		271,655	364,118
	Marketing and advertisement		148,981	21,473
	Rent, rates and taxes		26,423	31,400
	Food		18,475	8,341
	Depreciation	7.2	168,279	35,875
	Depreciation on RoU	7.6	55,291	61,383
	Amortization	8	9,623	734
	Legal and professional	ŭ	12,899	17,976
	Software maintenance cost		4,872	5,689
	Office supplies		1,916	2,585
			1,590	2,303
	Postage and courier			10.000
	Takaful		10,979	10,039
	Staff welfare		422	643
	Allowance for expected credit loss	13.1	10,155	5,031
	Security		5,033	-
	Cleaning		1,952	1,938
	Commission on credit card facilities		9,036	9,698
	Auditors' remuneration	30.2	4,078	4,078
	Others		45,704	21,549
			1,334,889	894,443
30.1	Include Rs.23.715 million (2021: Rs.14.836 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.			
30.1	Include Rs.23.715 million (2021: Rs.14.836 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.		2022	2021
30.1	Include Rs.23.715 million (2021: Rs.14.836 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.	Note	<b>2022</b> (Rupees	<b>2021</b> s in '000)
	Include Rs.23.715 million (2021: Rs.14.836 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.  Auditors' remuneration	Note		
	Auditors' remuneration	Note	(Rupees	s in '000)
	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee	Note	(Rupees	s in '000) 2,210
	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee  Half yearly review	Note	(Rupees 2,210 650	2,210 650
	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services	Note	(Rupees 2,210 650 820	2,210 650 820
	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee  Half yearly review	Note	(Rupees 2,210 650 820 398	2,210 650 820 398
	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services	Note	(Rupees 2,210 650 820	2,210 650 820
30.2	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services	Note	(Rupees 2,210 650 820 398	2,210 650 820 398
30.2	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services Out of pocket expenses  OTHER EXPENSES	Note	(Rupees 2,210 650 820 398	2,210 650 820 398 4,078
30.2	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services Out of pocket expenses  OTHER EXPENSES  Workers' Profit Participation Fund	Note	(Rupees 2,210 650 820 398	2,210 650 820 398 4,078
30.2	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services Out of pocket expenses  OTHER EXPENSES  Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund		(Rupees 2,210 650 820 398	2,210 650 820 398 4,078
30.2	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services Out of pocket expenses  OTHER EXPENSES  Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	Note	(Rupees 2,210 650 820 398	2,210 650 820 398 4,078 6,013 2,285 2,509
30.1 30.2 31.	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services Out of pocket expenses  OTHER EXPENSES  Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Exchange loss		(Rupees 2,210 650 820 398 4,078	2,210 650 820 398 4,078
30.2	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services Out of pocket expenses  OTHER EXPENSES  Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(Rupees 2,210 650 820 398 4,078  4,109	2,210 650 820 398 4,078 6,013 2,285 2,509 119,489
<b>30.2</b> <b>31.</b>	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services Out of pocket expenses  OTHER EXPENSES  Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Exchange loss Impairment loss on subsidiary		(Rupees 2,210 650 820 398 4,078	2,210 650 820 398 4,078 6,013 2,285 2,509
<b>30.2</b> <b>31.</b>	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services Out of pocket expenses  OTHER EXPENSES  Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Exchange loss		(Rupees 2,210 650 820 398 4,078  4,109	2,210 650 820 398 4,078 6,013 2,285 2,509 119,489
<b>30.2</b> <b>31.</b>	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services Out of pocket expenses  OTHER EXPENSES  Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Exchange loss Impairment loss on subsidiary  OTHER INCOME Income from financial assets		(Rupees 2,210 650 820 398 4,078  4,109	2,210 650 820 398 4,078 6,013 2,285 2,509 119,489
<b>30.2 31.</b>	Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services Out of pocket expenses  OTHER EXPENSES  Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Exchange loss Impairment loss on subsidiary  OTHER INCOME			2,210 650 820 398 4,078 6,013 2,285 2,509 119,489
<b>30.2</b> <b>31.</b>	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services Out of pocket expenses  OTHER EXPENSES  Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Exchange loss Impairment loss on subsidiary  OTHER INCOME Income from financial assets			2,210 650 820 398 4,078 6,013 2,285 2,509 119,489
<b>30.2</b> <b>31.</b>	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services Out of pocket expenses  OTHER EXPENSES  Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Exchange loss Impairment loss on subsidiary  OTHER INCOME  Income from financial assets Profit on bank accounts			2,210 650 820 398 4,078 6,013 2,285 2,509 119,489
30.2	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services Out of pocket expenses  OTHER EXPENSES  Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Exchange loss Impairment loss on subsidiary  OTHER INCOME  Income from financial assets Profit on bank accounts		2,210 650 820 398 4,078  4,109 4,109  103 569,252	2,210 650 820 398 4,078 6,013 2,285 2,509 119,489 - 130,296
30.2	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services Out of pocket expenses  OTHER EXPENSES  Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Exchange loss Impairment loss on subsidiary  OTHER INCOME Income from financial assets Profit on bank accounts Exchange gain		2,210 650 820 398 4,078  4,109 4,109  103 569,252	2,210 650 820 398 4,078 6,013 2,285 2,509 119,489 - 130,296
<b>30.2 31.</b>	Auditors' remuneration  Audit fee Half yearly review Certifications and other services Out of pocket expenses  OTHER EXPENSES  Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Exchange loss Impairment loss on subsidiary  OTHER INCOME Income from financial assets Profit on bank accounts Exchange gain Income from non - financial assets		2,210 650 820 398 4,078  4,109 4,109  103 569,252 569,355	2,210 650 820 398 4,078 6,013 2,285 2,509 119,489 - 130,296

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2022	2021
33.	FINANCE COST	(Rupees	in '000)
	Interest/mark-up on:		
	Long term financing	109,631	67,731
	Short term borrowings	147,580	72,904
	Lease liabilities	14,347	17,501
	Bank charges	25,408	23,264
		296,966	181,400
34.	TAXATION		
	Current	(52,645)	(46,594)
	Prior	236	10,901
	Deferred	44,986	36,774
		(7,423)	1,081

- As the charge for current year taxation is based on Final Tax Regime in case of export sales and minimum tax in case of local sales, therefore, tax reconciliation is not presented.
- The return of income for the tax year 2021 has been filed which is deemed to be an assessment order in view of the provisions of Section 120 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
- The Company filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) against the demand created under Section 122 5(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 by the Commissioner Inland Revenue Appeals (CIRA) of Rs.362.546 million for the tax year 2016. The ATIR remanded the order back to CIRA who remanded back the case to DCIR. The Company again preferred an appeal before ATIR, against order of CIRA, which is pending for hearing. The management, based on tax advice, expects a favorable outcome in this respect.
- The Company filed appeals against orders passed by income tax and sale tax authorities for aggregate demands of Rs.679.621 million which are pending at CIR and ATIR levels pertaining to tax years 2012-2019. The management, in view of tax advice, expects a favourable outcome in these cases.
- The Company's appeal is pending before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals IV) against order passed by Additional Commissioner under section 122(5A) of ITO for tax year 2018 increasing the tax liability thereby reducing the tax refund by Rs. 28.406 million. The Company expects a favorable outcome in this respect based on tax advice.

### 35. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE - basic and diluted

Net (loss)/profit for the year - (Rupees in '000)

Weighted average ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each - (Number in '000)

(Loss) / Earning per share (Rupees) - basic and diluted

2022	2021
	(Restated)
(238,818)	113,037
299,939	299,939
(0.80)	0.38

### 36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties of the Company comprise subsidiary, associates, directors and key management personnel. Transactions with related parties, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these unconsolidated financial statements, are as follows:

		2022	2021
Nature of transaction	Relationship	(Rupees	in '000)
(Repayment to) / Settlement of liabilities by	Key Management Personnel		
CEO		2,264	(27,511)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 37. SEGMENT REPORTING:

The Company has two reportable segments - raw meat and processed food items. The management has determined the operating segments based on the information that is presented to the Board of Directors of the Company for allocation of resources and assessment of performance. The results of the reporatable segments of the Company are as follows:

Segment results	Raw Meat	Frozen and Processed Meat	Total
		Rupees	
Revenue	5,459,798	583,531	6,043,329
Cost of sales	(4,550,638)	(659,334)	(5,209,972)
Gross profit / (loss)	909,160	(75,803)	833,357
Administrative and distribution costs	(771,662)	(563,227)	(1,334,889)
Other expenses	(4,109)		(4,109)
Other income	571,211		571,211
Operating profit / (loss)	704,601	(639,031)	65,571
Finance cost	(218,268)	(78,698)	(296,966)
Profit / (loss) before taxation	486,333	(717,729)	(231,395)
Taxation			(7,423)
Net profit / (loss) for the year	486,333	(717,729)	(238,818)
Segment assets and liabilities			
Segment Assets	4,898,624	4,220,674	9,119,298
Unallocable Assets	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	984,600
Total Assets			10,103,898
Segment Liabilities	738,360	303,558	1,041,918
Unallocable Liabilities			2,906,053
Total Liabilties			3,947,971

No comparative figures have been presented due to single reportable segment in the prior year.

### 38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks such as market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance. The Company's Board of Directors oversees the management of these risks which are summarized below:

### 38.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and currency risk.

### 38.1.1 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term financing and short-term borrowings at floating interest rates to meet its business operations and working capital requirements. The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Increase / decrease in basis points	Effect on loss / profit before tax Rupees in '000
2022	+100 -100	(25,721) 25,721
2021	+100 -100	(13,868) 13,868

#### 38.1.2 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to change in a foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates risk primarily relates to the Company's operating activities i.e. bank accounts and receivables / payables in foreign currencies. The Company manages its foreign currency risk by effective fund management. The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the US Dollar exchange rate:

	Increase / decrease in US Dollar to Pak Rupees	Effect on loss / profit before tax Rupees in '000
2022	10% -10%	269,977 (269,977)
2021	10% -10%	182,152 (182,152)

#### 38.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk which arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Concentrations of credit risk arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. The Company's management is regularly conducting detailed analysis on sectors.

The Company seeks to minimize the credit risk through having exposures only to customers considered credit worthy and obtaining securities where applicable. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is:

	Carrying value				
	2022 2021				
	(Rupees	in '000)			
Trade debts	3,094,203	2,040,752			
Loans	17,587	19,070			
Bank balances	3,458	41,762			
	3,115,248	2,101,584			

### Credit quality of financial assets

The loans are given to employees which are secured against their salaries. Trade debts include customers with no default in prior years.

The credit quality of banks can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings or to historical information about counterparty default rates as shown below:

	2022	2021					
	(Rupees in '000)						
Bank balances							
Ratings							
AAA	1,598	6,485					
AA+	794	29,196					
AA	12	6,003					
AA-	912	-					
Α+	67	46					
Α	•	29					
A-	-	-					
BBB-	75	3					
	3,458	41,762					

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 38.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk represents the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations with the financial liabilities. The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility by maintaining sufficient bank balances and committed credit lines. The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities at 30 June 2022 based on contractual undiscounted payment dates and present market interest rates:

	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 Years	Total
			(Rupees in '000)		
inancing	-	82,525	56,337	731,640	870,502
es	-	13,463	40,416	90,225	144,104
owings		409,455	1,228,412		1,637,867
r payables	12,075	415,508	158,548	243,841	829,972
1		97,080	20,706		117,786
ed party	4,446		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	4,446
	16,521	1,018,031	1,504,419	1,065,706	3,604,677
	On demand	Less than	3 to 12	1 to 5	Total
	On demand	3 months	months	Years	rotar
inancing	-	200,754	250,291	579,558	1,030,603
nancing ies		200,754 16,152	250,291 47,782	579,558 46,894	1,030,603 - 110,828
s	- - 200,232	•	•	•	
3	- - 200,232 26,230	16,152	47,782	•	- 110,828
vings	•	16,152 468,650	47,782 42,080	46,894	- 110,828 710,962
	26,230	16,152 468,650 182,740	47,782 42,080 201,525	46,894	- 110,828 710,962 625,351

### 38.4 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the unconsolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

#### 38.5 Capital risk management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maintain healthy capital ratios, strong credit rating and optimal capital structures in order to ensure ample availability of finance for its existing and potential investments projects to support its business sustainability and future development and maximise its shareholders value.

The Company monitors capital using a debt equity ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. Equity comprises of share capital, reserves and revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment. The gearing ratio as at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	2022	2021
	(Rupees in '000)	
Long-term financing	870,502	923,397
Short-term borrowings	1,637,867	710,962
Accrued mark-up	117,787	90,768
Total debt	2,626,155	1,725,127
Less: Cash and bank balances	(8,286)	(74,857)
Net debt	2,617,869	1,650,270
Share capital	2,999,389	2,999,389
Reserves	2,406,339	2,630,644
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	750,199	767,877
Total equity	6,155,927	6,397,909
Equity and net debt	8,773,797	8,048,179
Gearing ratio		
Including revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	30%	21%
Excluding revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	33%	23%

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 39 REMUNERATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	Chief Executive		Directors		Executives	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
			(Rupees i	n '000)		
Managerial Remuner- ation	31,241	30,000	-	-	122,795	78,376
Housing And Utilities	-	-	-	-	6,967	4,382
Reimbursable Expenses	-	-	-		3,185	1,842
Gratuity	-	-	-	-	4,150	6,500
Board Meeting Fees	-	-	3,840	2,970	-	-
	31,241	30,000	3,840	2,970	137,097	91,100
	1	1	7	7	47	34

- 40. GENERAL
- **40.1** Certain prior year figures have been reclassified for better presentation.

		2022	2021
40.2	Number of employees		
	Total number of employees as at the reporting date	725	426
	Average number of employees during the year	634	393

### 40.3 Date of authorization for issue

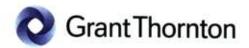
These unconsolidated financial statements were authorised for issue on November 4, 2022 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

Chief Financial Officer





### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Al-Shaheer Corporation Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

### Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman

1st & 3rd Floor, Modern Motors House, Beaumont Road, Karachi, Pakistan.

T +9221 35672951-56

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited and its subsidiary (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us, the consolidated statement of financial position, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's affairs as at 30 June 2022 and of the loss, total comprehensive loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

### **Basis for Opinion**

Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Chartered Accountants grantthornton.pk



S.No	Key audit matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit		
1.	Revenue recognition and trade debts			
	Refer notes 13 and 30 to the consolidated financial statements.	Our audit procedures among others included:		
	financial statements.  The Group's revenue comprises of both local and export sales. Sales are generated through retail outlets and the corporate customers involving large volume of transactions. Further, trade debts generated through sales are subject to assessment of allowance for expected credit loss (ECL) in accordance with IFRS 9 – "Financial Instruments".  We identified revenue recognition and associated trade debts as a key audit matter due to large volume of transactions and use of significant estimates and judgements by the management in respect of ECL.	<ul> <li>We reviewed the terms and conditions of transactions for both export and local sales and assessed the appropriateness of revenue recognition policies and practices followed by the Group.</li> <li>We tested controls over revenue recognition and reporting process within export and local sales including sales to retail and corporate customers.</li> </ul>		
		We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in accordance with the financial reporting standards.		



#### Capital expenditure Refer note 7 to the consolidated financial Our audit procedures among others statements. included: The Group operates in a capital intensive industry and resultantly has invested significantly in assets of capital nature. As We obtained an understanding of at 30 June 2022 the net book value of the Group's process with respect property, plant and equipment amounted to capital expenditure and tested to Rs. 5.463 million including Rs. 3.517 the Group's controls in this area million capitalized during the current. relevant to our audit. Operating fixed assets represent a We physically verified the Group's significant portion of the Group's assets fixed assets and tested the and accordingly, we have identified capital amounts. We reviewed the expenditure as a key audit matter relevant documents with reference to the acquisition of newly acquired assets assessed whether cost capitalization meets the recognition criteria of an asset in accordance with IAS 16 -"Property, plant and equipment". We evaluated the basis used by the management for determining the useful lives of assets and the depreciation charged in relation thereto. We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in accordance with the financial reporting standards 3. First year audit We performed various procedures to We have been engaged to perform the audit of the Group for the first time i.e. for obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding opening balances the year ended 30 June 2022. Initial audit engagements involve a number of including the following: associated with considerations not We reviewed the predecessor recurring audits. Additional planning auditor's work paper files and activities and considerations necessary to made additional inquiries of the establish an appropriate audit strategy and predecessor auditors about audit plan include gaining an initial matters that may affect our audit understanding of the Group and its in the current period. obtaining business. sufficient evidence regarding the opening balances including the selection and application of We evaluated the key accounting accounting principles and communicating position and matters from prior with the previous auditors.

years.



	<ul> <li>We evaluated whether accounting policies reflected in the opening balances have been consistently applied in the current year's financial statements and adequately presented and disclosed in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.</li> </ul>
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# Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors of the Group are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in



the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
  accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty
  exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Groups
  ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists,
  we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in
  the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify
  our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date
  of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to
  cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide to the Board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our



report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Group as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the consolidated statement of financial position, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Group's business; and
- d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

### Other Matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2021 were audited by another firm of chartered accountants who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements dated 27 October 2021.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Khurram Jameel.

Chartered Accountants

essel du l

Place: Karachi

Date: 4 November 2022

UDIN: AR202210093Zd1u7kAPi

# **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

As at June 30, 2022

		2022	2021
ASSETS	Note	Rupees	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	7	5,510,390	5,600,100
Intangible assets	8	47,073	2,224
Long-term loan	9	6,439	9,161
Deferred tax asset - net	10	326,678	281,377
CURRENT ASSETS		5,890,580	5,892,862
Stock-in-trade	11	289,061	249,142
Trade debts	12	3,094,203	2,040,752
Loans and advances	13	338,964	371,904
Trade deposits and prepayments		13,907	15,649
Other receivables	14	366,087	442,087
Taxation - net Cash and bank balances	15	134,946	147,950
Cash and Dank Dalances	15	8,613 4,245,781	74,884 3,342,368
TOTAL ASSETS		10,136,361	9,235,230
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised capital		3,000,000	3,000,000
300,000,000 (2021: 300,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each			
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	16	2,999,389	2,999,389
Share premium		1,507,705	1,507,705
Unappropriated profit Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	17	906,441 750,199	1,126,849 767,877
nevaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	17	6,163,734	6,401,820
Non-controlling interest		6,522	6,725
		0,322	0,123
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	10	701.640	F70 000
Long-term financing Deferred income - government grant	18 19	731,640	579,898 2,033
Lease liabilities	20	90,226	46,893
Deferred liability	21	102,850	76,069
		924,716	704,893
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables	22	1,070,770	782,187
Short-term borrowings	23	1,637,867	710,962
Accrued mark-up	24	117,787	90,768
Due to a related party	25	21,355	18,836
Current portion of long-term financing	18	138,862	450,705
Current portion of deferred income - government grant	19	870	4,399
Current portion of lease liabilities	20	53,878	63,935
		3,041,389	2,121,792
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		10,136,361	9,235,230
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	26		

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

**Chief Financial Officer** 

# **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Note	2022 Rupees	2021 in '000'	
Turnover	27	6,043,329	5,367,507	
Cost of sales	28	(5,209,972)	(4,049,971)	
Gross profit		833,357	1,317,536	
Administrative and distributive expenses	29	(1,335,303)	(894,805)	
Other expenses	30	-	(130,296)	
Other income	31	571,211	562	
Operating (loss) / profit		69,265	292,997	
Finance cost	32	(296,966)	(181,400)	
(Loss) / profit before taxation		(227,701)	111,597	
Taxation	33	(7,423)	1,081	
Net (loss) / profit for the year		(235,124)	112,678	
Attributable to Owners of the Holding group Non controlling interest		(234,921) (203) (235,124)	112,855 (177) 112,678	
		(Rupees)		
(Loss) / earnings per share - basic / diluted	34	(0.78)	0.38	

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022	2021
	Rupees in '000'	
Net (loss) / profit for the year	(235,124)	112,678
Other comprehensive income		
Items not to be reclassified to statement of profit or loss in subsequent years		
Remeasurement loss on defined benefit plan (net of tax)	(3,165)	(4,433)
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year	(238,289)	108,245
Attributable to		
Owners of the Holding Company	(238,086)	108,422
Non controlling interest	(203)	(177)
	(238,289)	108,245

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Issued, subscribed and	Capital reserve	Revenue reserve	Non- Controlling	Revaluation surplus on	Total
	paid-up capital	Share premium	Unappropriated profit	Interest	property, plant and equipment	Total
		Rupees in '000'				
Dalaman and 20 June 2000	1 000 500	1 507 705	1 007 404	C 000	700.040	F 000 670
Balance as at 30 June 2020	1,999,593	1,507,705	1,027,424	6,902	788,049	5,329,673
Net profit for the year	-	-	112,855	(177)	-	112,678
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	(4,433)	-	-	(4,433)
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	_	108,422	(177)	_	108,245
Total comprehensive moonie for the year			100,122	(111)		100,210
Issuance of right shares	999,796	-	-		-	999,796
Issue cost on right shares			(29,169)			(29,169)
issue cost on right shares			(29,109)			(29,109)
Revaluation surplus on property, plant						
and equipment realised on account of						
incremental depreciation -net of tax	-	-	20,172		(20,172)	-
Balance as at 30 June 2021	2,999,389	1,507,705	1,126,849	6,725	767,877	6,408,545
Net loss for the year	-	-	(234,921)	(203)	-	(235,124)
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	(3,165)	-	-	(3,165)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	(238,086)	(203)		(238,289)
Revaluation surplus on property, plant						
and equipment realised on account of incremental depreciation -net of tax			17,678		(17,678)	
moremental deprediation filet of tax		•	11,018		(17,078)	•
Balance as at 30 June 2022	2,999,389	1,507,705	906,441	6,522	750,199	6,170,256

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer Director

**Chief Financial Officer** 

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

320,009 9,623 55,291 23,715	111,597 63,634 734
320,009 9,623 55,291	63,634
9,623 55,291	
9,623 55,291	
55,291	72/1
	134
23,715	61,383
	14,836
	-
	5,031
	2,509
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	181,400 329,527
486,193	441,124
	(108,039)
	(55,326)
·	(55,122)
	(568)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(139,824) (358,879)
(302,000)	
288,583	(18,231)
(207,912)	64,014
(39,717)	(34,099)
(413)	(12,937)
(269,947)	(182,006)
(517,989)	(165,028)
(246,670)	(641,597)
5,482	4,505
(241,188)	(637,092)
-	970,627
(165,663)	273,366
(70,855)	(71,321)
	(312,972)
2,519	(27,211)
692,906	832,489
(66,271)	30,369
74,884	44,515
8,613	74,884
	(39,919) (1,053,451) 32,940 1,742 76,000 (982,688) 288,583 (207,912) (39,717) (413) (269,947) (517,989) (246,670) 5,482 (241,188) (241,188)

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

Chief Financial Officer

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 1. LEGAL STATUS AND OPERATIONS OF THE GROUP

The Group consists of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited (the Holding Company) and its subsidiary Al Shaheer Farms (Private) Limited (the Subsidiary Company) that have been consolidated in these consolidated financial statements. Brief profiles of the Holding Company and its Subsidiary Company are as follows:

### **Holding Company**

Al Shaheer Corporation Limited (the Holding Company) was incorporated on 30 June 2012 and is quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Holding Company is engaged in trading of different kinds of halal meat including goat, cow, chicken and fish, both for export market and local sales through chain of retail stores. The registered office of the Holding Company is situated at Suite No. G/5/5, 3rd floor, Mansoor Tower, Block-8, shahrah-eroomi, Clifton, Karachi.

#### **Subsidiary Company**

The Subsidiary Company was incorporated in Pakistan as a private limited company. The principal activity of the Subsidiary Company is to carry on all kinds of farming including agricultural, poultry, horticultural and dairy and to purchase, acquire, keep, maintain, breed, sell or otherwise dispose of all kinds of cattle and other form of live stocks. The registered office of the Subsidiary Company is situated at Suite No. G/5/5, 3rd Floor, Mansoor Tower, Block-8, Shahrah-e-Roomi, Clifton, Karachi, Pakistan. As of the reporting date, the Holding Company has 51% shareholding in the Subsidiary Company.

Geographical location and address of all the business units are as under:

Location	Business Unit
Plot Bearing Survey No. 348, Deh Shah Mureed, Tappo, Songal, Gadap Town, Karachi	Slaughter house
3.5km Manga Road Raiwand, Lahore	Poultry plant

1.1 These are consolidated financial statements of the Group. Unconsolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and its Subsidiary have been presented separately.

### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act);
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) as are notified under the Act; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Act and IFAS differ from the IFRSs, the provision of and directives issued under the Act and IFAS have been followed.

## 3. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

- 3.1 These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for:
  - a) certain items of property, plant and equipment that are stated at revalued amount; and
  - b) defined benefit plan is measured at present value.
- 3.2 These consolidated financial statements have been presented in Pakistani rupees, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 4. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

### 4.1 Accounting standards effective for the year

There are certain new standards and amendments that are mandatory for the Group's accounting period beginning on 01 July 2021, but are considered either to be not relevant or to not have any significant effect on the Group's operations and are, therefore, not detailed in these consolidated financial statements.

### Accounting standards not yet effective

There are certain new standards and amendments to the approved accounting standards that will be mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on / after 01 July 2022. However, the Group expects that these standards will not have any material impact on the future consolidated financial statements of the Group.

### 5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the consolidated financial statements:

### Property, plant and equipment

The Group reviews the appropriateness of the rate of depreciation, useful life and residual value used in the calculation of depreciation. Further, where applicable, an estimate of the recoverable amount of assets is made for possible impairment on an annual basis. In making these estimates, the Group uses the technical resources available with the Group. Any change in estimates in future might affect the carrying amount of respective classes of property, plant and equipment, with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

### Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment

The Group reviews the appropriateness of the revaluation of property, plant and equipment (carried at revalued amounts) periodically for the purpose of ensuring that the carrying amount of the same does not differ materially from its fair value. In making this assessment, the Group uses the technical resources available with the Group. The revaluation exercise is carried out by independent professional valuers using various significant assumptions. Any change in assessment in future might affect the carrying amount of respective classes of fixed assets, with corresponding effect on surplus on revaluation of fixed assets.

## Determination of the lease term for lease contracts with extension and termination options

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Impairment of financial assets

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate Expected Credit Loss (ECL) for trade debts and other receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for Group's various customer that have similar loss patterns. The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group calibrates the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the manufacturing sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

### Taxation

In applying the estimate for income tax payable, the Group takes into account the applicable tax laws and the decision by appellate authorities on certain issues in the past. Instance where the Group's view differs from the view taken by the income tax department at the assessment stage and where the Group considers that its view on items of material nature is in accordance with law, the amounts are shown as contingency.

### Staff retirement benefits

The cost of defined benefit plan is determined using actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rate and future salary increases. Due to long-term nature of the plan, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** 6.

#### Property, plant and equipment 6.1

### **Operating fixed assets**

Except for land and computers and accessories all items of property, plant and equipment are stated at revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Land is stated at revalued amount less impairement, if any. Computers and accessories are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any.

Depreciation is charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss applying the reducing balance method. Depreciation is charged from the month in which an asset is available for use, while no depreciation is charged in the month on which an asset is disposed

Maintenance and repairs are charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements which increase the asset's remaining useful economic life or the performance beyond the current estimated levels are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

Gains or losses on disposals of operating assets, if any, are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. The assets residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year end.

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of certain items of property plant and equipment are recognized in consolidated statement of comprehensive income and accumulated in reserves in consolidated statement of changes in equity. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognized in consolidated statement of profit or loss, the increase is first recognized in consolidated statement of profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first recognized in consolidated statement of comprehensive income to the extent of the remaining surplus attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss. The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each consolidated statement of financial position date for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying values may not be recoverable. If such indication exists where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amounts, the assets are written down to their recoverable amounts.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### Right-of-use (RoU) assets and lease liabilities

### i) Right-of-use (ROU) assets

The Group recognises a ROU asset at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). These are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of ROU assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

## ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option (if any) reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

The Group has the option, under its lease arrangements to lease the assets for additional terms. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the option to renew. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise (or not to exercise) the option to renew. Any change is accounted for change in estimate and applied prospectively with corresponding change in ROU assets and lease liabilities.

### Capital work-in-progress

These are stated at cost less impairment, if any, and consist of expenditure incurred and advances made in respect of operating fixed assets and intangible assets in the course of their acquisition, erection, construction and installation. The assets are transferred to relevant category of operating fixed assets or intangible assets when they are available for use.

### 6.2 Intangible assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment. Amortization is charged on reducing balance method over the useful lives of the assets. Amortisation is charged from the month the asset is available for use up to the month of derecognition. Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted, if appropriate.

# 6.3 Stock-in-trade

These are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined as follows:

- Livestock, raw and packaging materials
- Stock-in-transit
- Finished Goods (Raw meat)

- invoice price of specific items
- at weighted average cost of purchases
- at weighted average cost of purchases

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Provision is recorded for slow moving and expired stock where necessary.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 6.4 Cash and cash equivalents

These are stated at cost.

#### **Financial instruments** 6.5

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

### **Financial assets**

The Group classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) on the basis of both:

- The entity's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

#### Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

### Financial assets measured at FVPL

A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest (a) (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding;
- It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect (b) contractual cash flows and sell; or
- (c) At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at FVPL when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

### Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those measured at FVPL, if any.

### **Impairment**

Financial assets at FVPL are not subject to impairment under IFRS 9.

The Group considers ECL for trade and other receivables and measures ECL using the probability of default (PD) and loss given default (LGD) estimates using the published information about these risk parameters. For trade and other receivables with no financing component and which have maturities of less than 12 months at amortised cost and, as such, the Group has chosen to apply an approach similar to the simplified approach for ECL. The Group uses the provision matrix as a practical expedient to measuring ECLs on trade receivables, based on days past due for groupings of receivables with similar loss patterns. The provision matrix is based on historical observed loss rates over the expected life of the receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

## Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised where the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass-through arrangement and the Group has:

- (a) Transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- (b) Neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

### Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is only offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if the Group has legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expenses arising from such assets and liabilities are also offset accordingly.

### 6.6 Staff retirement benefits

The Group operates an un-approved and unfunded defined gratuity scheme for all permanent employees who have completed the minimum qualifying year of service for entitlement of gratuity. The contributions to the scheme are made in accordance with the independent actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation is carried out as of reporting using Projected Unit Credit method.

### 6.7 Taxation

#### Current

Provision for current tax is based on the taxable income in accordance with Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

### **Deferred**

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method for all temporary differences at the reporting date between tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits, if any, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which such temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

### 6.8 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

## 6.9 Foreign currency translations

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pak Rupees (functional currency) using the exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are retranslated into Pak Rupees using the exchange rate at the reporting date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the re-translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are taken to consolidated statement of profit or loss.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 6.10 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at amounts that reflect the consideration that the Group expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring goods. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The Group recognises revenue at a point in time when control of product is transferred to customer either on dispatch/acceptance of goods for local sales or issuance of the bill of lading in case of export sales. Control, depending on contractual terms, is considered to be transferred either when the product is directly uplifted by customer from Group premises or when it is delivered by the Group at customer premises. The Group generally enters generally enters into aggreement with its customers for supply of its products including delivery of product. As the transportation of product coincides with actual delivery, sale of product and transportation is considered single performance obligation. The credit limits in contract with customers varies depending on the terms of specific contract.

### 6.11 Borrowing costs

Borrowing and other related costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

### 6.12 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

## 6.13 Government Grant

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all attached conditions will be complied with. As the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees	in '000)
7.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating fixed assets	7.1	4,864,822	1,672,111
	Capital work-in-progress	7.5	518,404	3,836,556
	Right-of-use assets	7.6	127,164	91,433
			5,510,390	5,600,100

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# 7.1 Operating fixed assets

		COST / REVAL	JED AMOUNT	
	As at July 01, 2021	Additions/ transfers	(Disposals)	As at June 30, 2022
		(Rupees i	n '000)	
Freehold land	572,880	-	-	572,880
Leasehold land	483,829	11,044	-	494,873
Buildings	222,669	935,787	-	1,158,456
Plant and machinery	241,900	2,194,524	-	2,436,424
Furniture and fixture	205,810	212,064	-	417,874
Motor vehicles	126,275	20,591	(6,176)	140,690
Office equipment	170,444	135,229	-	305,673
Tools and equipment	26,894	631	-	27,525
Computers and accessories	55,217	7,521	-	62,738
2022	2,105,918	3,517,391	(6,176)	5,617,133

		COST / REVA	LUED AMOUNT	
	As at July 01, 2020	Additions / transfers	(Disposals)	As at June 30, 2021
		(Rupee:	s in '000)	
Freehold land	572,880	-	-	572,880
Leasehold land	442,499	41,330	-	483,829
Buildings	211,526	11,143	-	222,669
Plant and machinery	237,222	4,678	-	241,900
Furniture and fixture	200,147	6,391	(728)	205,810
Motor vehicles	111,611	25,061	(10,397)	126,275
Office equipment	168,755	1,689	-	170,444
Tools and equipment	26,894	-	-	26,894
Computers and accessories	48,356	6,861	-	55,217
2021	2,019,890	97,153	(11,125)	2,105,918

**ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION** 

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

As at

Rate	July 01, 2021	Charge for the year	(On disposals)	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
			(Rupees in '000)		
-	-	-	-	-	572,880
-	-	-	-		494,873
10%	58,770	55,913	-	114,683	1,043,773
5% - 20%	81,977	185,117	-	267,094	2,169,330
10%	93,857	34,526	-	128,383	289,491
15%	49,596	13,600	(1,505)	61,691	78,999
15%	107,753	26,044		133,797	171,876
10%	13,356	1,421		14,777	12,748
10%	28,498	3,388	-	31,886	30,852
	433,807	320,009	(1,505)	752,311	4,864,822
		ACCUMULATED	DEPRECIATION		NET BOOK VALUE
Rate	As at July 01, 2020	Charge for the year	(On disposals)	As at June 30, 2021	As at June 30,
Rate		Charge for the year		June 30, 2021	As at
Rate -	July 01,	Charge for the year	(On disposals)	June 30, 2021	As at June 30,
Rate - -	July 01,	Charge for the year	(On disposals)	June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021
- - 10%	July 01,	Charge for the year	(On disposals)	June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021
-	July 01, 2020 	Charge for the year - -	(On disposals) (Rupees in '000)	June 30, 2021 	As at June 30, 2021 - 572,880 483,829
- - 10%	July 01, 2020	Charge for the year 17,059	(On disposals) (Rupees in '000)	June 30, 2021 - - - 58,770	As at June 30, 2021 572,880 483,829 163,899
- - 10% 5% - 20%	July 01, 2020 - - 41,711 72,940	Charge for the year  17,059 9,037	(On disposals) (Rupees in '000)	June 30, 2021 - - - 58,770 81,977	As at June 30, 2021 - 572,880 483,829 163,899 159,923
- 10% 5% - 20% 10%	July 01, 2020 - - 41,711 72,940 81,780	Charge for the year	(On disposals) (Rupees in '000)	June 30, 2021 - - 58,770 81,977 93,857	As at June 30, 2021 572,880 483,829 163,899 159,923 111,953
- 10% 5% - 20% 10% 15%	July 01, 2020	Charge for the year	(On disposals) (Rupees in '000)	June 30, 2021  58,770 81,977 93,857 49,596	As at June 30, 2021 572,880 483,829 163,899 159,923 111,953 76,679
- 10% 5% - 20% 10% 15%	July 01, 2020	Charge for the year	(On disposals) (Rupees in '000)	June 30, 2021  58,770 81,977 93,857 49,596 107,753	As at June 30, 2021  572,880  483,829  163,899  159,923  111,953  76,679  62,691
- 10% 5% - 20% 10% 15% 15%	July 01, 2020	Charge for the year	(On disposals) (Rupees in '000)	June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021 572,880 483,829 163,899 159,923 111,953 76,679 62,691 13,538

NET BOOK VALUE

As at

As at

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

7.1.1 Except for computer and accessories, the company carries its fixed assets at revalued amount. The latest revaluation was carried out on 30 June 2018 which resulted in a surplus of Rs. 673.5 Million. The forced sale value as at 30 June 2018 of the revalued assets amounted to Rs. 1,433.09 Million. The above revaluations were carried out by an independent valuer namely Sadruddin Assciates (Private) Limited, professional surveyors and evaluators using present day valuation method. The fair values were determined with reference to market based evidence, based on active market prices and relevant enquiries and information as considered necessary, and adjusted for any difference in nature, location or condition of specific properties. The fair values fall under level 2 of fair value hierarchy (i.e significant observable inputs) Had there been no revaluation the book value of freehold land, leasehold land, buildings, plant and machinery, furniture and fixtures, office equipment, tools and equipments and motor vehicles would have been Rs.268.682 million, Rs.211.746 million Rs.132.797 million, Rs.189.644 million, Rs.140.666 million, Rs.88.963 million, Rs.16.764 million and Rs.67.622 million, respectively.

7.2	Depreciation for the year has been allocated as follows:		2022	2021
		Note		(Rupees in '000)
	Cost of sales	28	151,717	27,740
	Administrative and distribution costs	29	168,293	35,894
			320,010	63,634

#### 7.3 Particulars of immovable assets are as follows:

Location	Addresses	Total Area
Karachi	Suite G/5/5, 3rd Floor, Mansoor Tower, Block-8, Clifton.	5,000 Sq. Fts
Karachi	Survey No. 348, Deh Shah Mureed, Tapu Songle.	18.22 Acres
Karachi	Banglow # D-143 KDA Scheme No. 5 Clifton.	983.33 Sq. Yards
Karachi	Plot No.GA-55, 56-A6, 57-A9, Korangi Creek Industrial Park.	6,780.84 Sq. Yards
Lahore	Rohinala Bypass, 3.5KMs Manga Raiwind Road.	11 Acres

7.4 The details of operating fixed assets disposed off during the year having book value of more than Rs. 500,000/- are as follows:

	Mode of disposal	Cost / Revaluation	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value	Sale proceeds	Gain / (loss)	Particulars of purchasers
				Rupees in '00	0		
Motor vehicles							
Suzuki Cultus BFL-730	Company policy	1,117	474	643	445	(198)	Imran Zafar - Employee
Suzuki Mehran BCH -971	Company policy	726	442	284	309	25	Kamran Ahmed - Employee
Suzuki Cultus BFJ-740	Company policy	975	237	738	1,100	362	Muhammad Najam
Suzuki Cultus AXN-321	Company policy	941	722	219	560	341	Muhammad Najam
Toyota Altis BLM - 317	Company policy	2,214	922	1,292	2,750	1,458	Muhammad Najam
Suzuki Mehran BFT - 901	Company policy	727	287	440	318	(122)	Muhammad Ali Rawat- Employee
		6,700	3,084	3,616	5,482	1,866	
2022		6,700	3,084	3,616	5,482	1,866	
						()	
2021		11,125	4,111	7,014	4,505	(2,509)	

2022	2021
(I	Rupees in '000)

#### 7.5 Capital work-in-progress

I and

Building
Plant and machinery
Furniture and fixture
Office equipment
Computers
Software under development

-	11,044
203,382	1,136,235
314,919	2,411,085
-	196,945
102	23,899
-	2,873
-	54,472
518,403	3,836,553

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 7.5.1 The movement in capital work-in-progress is as follows:

		Land	Building	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipement	Computers	Software under development	Total
					Rupees i	n '000			
					•				
	Opening	11,044	1,136,235	2,411,085	196,945	23,899	2,873	54,472	3,836,553
	Additions	-	-	43,990	-	-	-	-	43,990
	Transfers	(11,044)	(932,853)	(2,140,155)	(196,945)	(23,797)	(2,873)	(54,472)	(3,362,138)
	Closing	-	203,382	314,920		102	-	-	518,405
								2022	2021
								(Rupees	in '000)
7.6	Right-of-use as	ssets							
	Opening net bo	ok value						91,433	158,851
	Additions durin	g the year						91,022	1,772
	Disposal during	the year						-	(7,807)
	Depreciation fo	r the year						(55,291)	(61,383)
	Closing net boo	k value						127,164	91,433

### 8. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	COST			ACCUM	ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION		
	As at 01 July 2021	Additions/ Transfer	As at 30 June 2022	As at 01 July 2021	For the year	As at 30 June 2022	As at 30 June 2022
	( Rupees in '000 )				(Rupees in	(000)	
Computer software	12,281	54,472	66,753	10,057	9,623	19,680	47,073
2022	12,281	54,472	66,753	10,057	9,623	19,680	47,073
2021	12,281	-	12,281	9,323	734	10,057	2,224

	2022	2021
Note	(Rupees in '000)	

### 9. LONG-TERM LOAN

Long term loan

Less: current maturity

7,639
13. (1,200)
6,439

10,361 (1,200) 9,161

Represents loan extended to an executive secured against his personal property. This loan is recoverable in 200 monthly installments and is interest free.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			2022	2021
		Note		in '000)
10.	DEFERRED TAX ASSET - net			
	Deferred tax asset on deductible temporary differences:			
	Unused tax losses / credits		460,705	272,148
	Provisions		32,458	33,868
			493,164	306,016
	Deferred tax liability on taxable temporary differences:			
	Accumulated tax depreciation		(157,539)	(14,832)
	Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment		(8,947)	(9,807)
		10.1	(166,486)	(24,639)
		10.1	326,678	281,377
10.1	Movement in deferred tax asset is as follows:			
	Balance at beginning of the year		281,377	246,790
	- recognised in profit or loss		44,986	36,774
	- recognised in other comprehensive income		315	(2,187)
	Balance at end of the year		326,678	281,377
11.	STOCK-IN-TRADE			
	Livestock		143,766	180,629
	Raw and packaging materials		57,562	12,255
	Stock in transit		17,036	42,487
	Finished goods		70,697	13,771
			289,061	249,142
12.	TRADE DEBTS - unsecured			
	Considered good Overseas		2 022 160	1 026 712
	Local		2,832,169	1,936,712
	- related party - Enrich Foods (Pvt) Limited		2,206	1,093
	- others		259,828	102,947
			262,034	104,040
			3,094,203	2,040,752
	Considered doubtful		56,551	46,396
	Allowance for ECL	12.1	(56,551)	(46,396)
			3,094,203	2,040,752
				2,040,102
12.1	Allowance for ECL			
	Opening balance		46,396	41,365
	Charge for the year	29	10,155	5,031
	Closing balance		56,551	46,396

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

13.	LOANS AND ADVANCES - considered good		2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees	in '000)
	Loans - secured			
	Executives		5,826	4,114
	Other employees		4,182	4,655
	Current portion of long-term loan	9	1,200	1,200
			11,208	9,969
	Advances - unsecured			
	Suppliers		318,491	356,115
	Others		9,266	5,820
			327,757	361,935 371,904
14.	OTHER RECEIVABLES			371,504
	Sales tax receivable		181,363	182,321
	Receivable from shareholders	14.1	1,496	1,496
	Receivable against export rebate		180,708	253,667
	Others		2,519	4,603
			366,086	442,087

14.1 Represents amount receivable from shareholders on account of tax on bonus shares issued during the year 2015.

			2022	2021
15.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	Note	(Rupees	in '000)
	Cash in hand		4,829	33,096
	With banks:			
	Saving accounts	15.1	805	105
	Current accounts		2,979	41,683
			3,784	41,788
			8,613	74,884

15.1 These carry profit at the rates ranging between 6.04% to 6.50% (2021: 3.54% to 6.54%) per annum.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 16. ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

				2022	2021
2022	2021		Note	(Rupees	s in '000)
Number of sh	ares in thousands	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each			
187,762	187,762	Issued for cash		1,877,621	1,877,621
26,000	26,000	Issued for consider- ation other than cash	16.1	260,000	260,000
86,177	86,177	Issued as bonus shares		861,768	861,768
299,939	299,939	_	16.2	2,999,389	2,999,389

- 16.1 Represents shares issued at a face value of Rs.10 each against transfer of net assets from the amalgamated firms namely, 'Al Shaheer Corporation' and 'MeatOne'.
- 16.2 As at 30 June 2022, institutions and others held 48,007,174 and 251,931,656 shares, respectively (30 June 2021: 61,925,689 and 238,013,141). Voting rights, board selection, right of first refusal and block voting are in proportion to their shareholding.

			2022	2021
17.	REVALUATION SURPLUS ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	(Rupees	s in '000)
	Opening balance		778,785	800,358
	Transferred to unappropriated profit in respect of incremental depreciation during the year		(18,366)	(19,830)
	Disposal of fixed assets during the year		(524)	(1,743)
			759,895	778,785
	Related deferred tax liability			
	Opening balance		(10,908)	(12,309)
	Incremental depreciation charged during the year		1,212	1,401
			(9,696)	(10,908)
18.	LONG-TERM FINANCING - secured		750,199	767,877
	Diminishing musharaka			
	Askari Bank Limited	18.1	56,250	79,167
	Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	18.2	132,922	491,944
	Sindh Bank Limited	18.3	165,000	220,000
	First Habib Modaraba	18.4	44,327	32,286
	Faysal Bank Limited	18.5	81,250	100,000
	National Bank Limited	18.6	300,000	-
	Summit Bank Limited	18.7	49,734	-
	Payroll Financing		829,483	923,397
	1 ayron / manoning			
	Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	18.8	41,019	107,206
			870,502	1,030,603
	Less: current maturity		(138,862)	(450,705)
			731,640	579,898

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

- 18.1 Represents diminishing musharaka facility in respect of purchase of various fixed assets for a period of 5 years including 1 year grace period . It carries profit at the rate of 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum (June 30, 2021: 3 month KIBOR + 2% per annum) and having revised maturity till June 2024 (June 30, 2021: June 2024). The facility is secured by exclusive charge of Rs.134 million over plant and machinery and Rs.100 million ranking charge over fixed assets of the Group.
- **18.2** This includes the following facilities:
  - a) Diminishing musharaka facility amounting to Rs.200 million in respect of procurement and installation of chicken processing plant for a period of 4 years including 1 year grace period and having maturity till January 2024 (June 30, 2021: January 2024). It carries profit at the rate of 3 months KIBOR + 2.5% per annum (June 30, 2021: 3 months KIBOR + 2.5% per annum). The facility is secured by exclusive charge over land and building and plant and machinery of the Group's chicken plant located in Lahore.
  - b) Diminishing musharaka facility amounting to Rs.350 million in respect of procurement and installation of chicken processing plant for a period of 4.5 years including 1.5 years grace period. It carries profit at the rate of 6 months KIBOR + 2% (June 30, 2020: 6 months KIBOR + 2%) per annum and having maturity till July 2023 and January 2024 (June 30, 2020: July 2023 and January 2024). The facility is secured by exclusive charge over land and building and plant and machinery of the Group's chicken plant located in Lahore.
  - c) Diminishing musharaka facility amounting to Rs.150 million in respect of improvement, replacement and expansion of existing slaughtering house for a period of 2 years. It carries profit at the rate of 3 months KIBOR + 2.5% per annum (June 30, 2020: 3 months KIBOR + 2.5%) and having maturity till November 30, 2021 (June 30, 2020: November 30, 2021). The facility is secured by exclusive charge over land and building and plant and machinery of chicken plant located in Lahore processing unit with 25% margin.
  - d) TERF financing facility amounting to Rs.123.650 million for procurement of Deep freezers. It carries profit at the rate of 5% per annum and having maturity till November 30, 2027 (June 30, 2021: November 30, 2027). The facility is secured by exclusive charge over land and building and plant and machinery of chicken plant located in Lahore processing unit with 25% margin.
- 18.3 Represents diminishing Musharikah facility carrying profit at the rate of 1 year KIBOR + 5.55% (June 30, 2021: KIBOR + 5.55%) per annum for local facility. Rs.145.04 million is secured by specific charge over plant and machinery. The remaining facility is secured by first mortgage charge over Gadap Land amounting to Rs.367 million.
- 18.4 Represents diminishing Musharikah facility carrying profit at the rate of 1 year KIBOR + 5.55% (June 30, 2021: KIBOR + 5.55%) per annum for local facility. Rs.145.04 million is secured by specific charge over plant and machinery. The remaining facility is secured by first mortgage charge over Gadap Land amounting to Rs.367 million.
- 18.5 Represents diminishing musharakah carrying profit at the rate of 3 months KIBOR + 4% (June 30, 2021: 3 months KIBOR + 4%) per annum. The facility is secured against residential Land (Musharaka Asset) for Rs. 106 million admeasuring 1000 sq. yards situated at Plot no. 156/l, Street No. 2, DHA Phase VIII-A, Karachi. The facility is secured against hypothecation charge of Rs.53 million over receivables of the Group and Rs.115 million exclusive charge over plant and machinery of the Group. Letter of Hypothecation over current assets of Rs.86.0 million and Letter of Hypothecation over receivables of Rs.85.700 million.
- 18.6 Represents diminishing musharakah carrying profit at the rate of 3 months KIBOR + 2.5% (June 30, 2021: 3 months KIBOR + 2.5%) per annum. The facility is secured against first Pari Passu charge of Rs. 100 million over all present and future plant and machinery of the Group, located at Rohinala Bypass, 3.5 KM Manga Raiwand Road, Lahore. The facility also is secured for Rs. 400 million First Charge over Equitable Mortgage, bearing Plot No.D-143, Block No. 4, Situated in KDA scheme No. 5, Clifton Karachi.
- 18.7 Represents diminishing musharakah carrying profit at the rate of KIBOR + 3% per annum. The facility is secured against exclusive charge of Rs. 73.50 million over Specific Plant & Machinery located at Karachi Facility at Survey No. 348, Deh Mureed, Tappo Songal, Gadap Town, Karachi
- 18.8 Represents financing obtained under the refinance scheme for payment of wages and salaries introduced by State Bank of Pakistan carrying mark-up at the rate of SBP rate + 1% per annum (June 30, 2021: SBP rate + 1%). The loan along with the mark-up is repayable in 8 equal quarterly installments commencing from January 2021. The facility is secured by way of equitable mortgage charge over commercial property (Head Office).

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

19.	DEFERRED INCOME - GOVERNMENT GRANT		
		2022	2021
		(Rupees in	າ '000)
	Balance at beginning of the year	6,432	2,080
	Recognised during the year	-	8,341
	Amortisation of deferred income - government grant	(5,562)	(3,989)
	Balance at end of the year	870	6,432
	Less: Current portion	(870)	(4,399)
	Less. Current portion	(870)	2,033
20.	LEASE LIABILITIES		
	15 1 1954		110.000
	Lease liabilities	144,104	110,828
	Current portion of lease liabilities	(53,878) 90,226	(63,935) 46,893
		,	10,000
20.1	Reconciliation of the carrying amount is as follows:	2022	2021
		(Rupees in	ı '000)
	Opening	110,828	175,532
	Addition / Reassessment of lease during the year	89,783	(10,884)
	Accretion of finance cost	14,347	17,501
	Lease rental payments made during the year	(70,855)	(71,321)
	Lease liability as at June 30,	144,104	110,828
	Current portion of lease liabilities	(53,878)	(63,935)
	Long-term lease liabilities as at June 30,	90,226	46,893
20.2	Maturity analysis		
	Gross lease liabilities - minimum lease payments:		
	Not later than one year	70,329	73,843
	Later than one year but not later than five years	102,737	52,330
	,	173,066	126,173
	Future finance charge	(28,962)	(15,345)
	Present value of finance lease liabilities	144,104	110,828
21.	DEFERRED LIABILITIES		
	Staff gratuity	102,850	76,069
		2022	2021
		Number of	Employees
	The number of employees covered under		
	the defined benefit scheme are:	<u>725</u>	426
	The following principal actuarial assumptions were used for the valuation of abov	e mentioned scheme:	

The following principal actuarial assumptions were used for the valuation of above mentioned scheme:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Financial assumptions - Discount rate (per annum compounded) - Salary increase per annum	13.25% 13.25%	9.00% 9.00%
	2022	2021
Demographic assumptions - Normal retirement - Mortality rate	60 years 70% of the EFU (61-66)	60 years 70% of the EFU (61-66)
	2022	2021
	(Rupees	
Liability in statement of financial position	(	555)
Present value of defined benefit obligations	102,850	76,069
	2022	2021
Movement in liability during the year	(Rupees	
Movement in nability during the year	(nupees	III 000)
Opening balance	76,069	71,924
Charged to profit or loss account	23,715	14,836
Benefits paid during the year	(413)	(12,937)
Actuarial loss recognised in other comprehensive income	3,479	2,246
Closing balance	102,850	76,069
Closing balance	102,000	10,003
	(Rupees	in '000)
Reconciliation of the present value of defined benefit obligations	(Hapooo	555)
Present value of defined benefit obligations as at July 01,	76,069	71,924
Current service cost	18,415	11,168
Finance cost	5,300	3,668
Benefits paid	(413)	(12,937)
Actuarial loss on obligation	3,479	2,246
Present value of defined benefit obligations as at June 30,	102,850	76,069
resent value of defined benefit obligations as at oune oo,	102,000	10,005
Charge for the defined benefit plan		
Cost recognised in profit and loss		
Current service cost	18,415	11,168
Finance cost	5,300	3,668
	23,715	14,836
Actuarial loss on defined benefit obligation recognised in other comprehensive income		
Actuarial loss / (gain) on defined benefit obligation		
- Loss / (gain) due to change in experience adjustments	3,479	2,246
2000 / (gain) due to onange in experience adjustinents	3,479	2,246
	3,419	
Expected benefit payments to retirees in the following year	27,437	20,853
Sancitivity analysis		

# Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis has been performed by varying one assumption keeping all other assumptions constant and calculating the impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligations on various employee benefit schemes. The increase / (decrease) in the present value of defined benefit obligations as a result of change in each assumption is summarized below:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				2022	2021
				(Rupees in	ı '000)
Increase in discount rate by 1%				(2 106)	(1,794)
Increase in discount rate by 1%  Decrease in discount rate by 1%				(2,186)	,
Increase in expected future increment i	n colory by 1%			2,331	1,918
Decrease in expected future increment				2,310 (2,205)	1,900 (1,810)
becrease in expected future increment	iii Salaiy Dy 1 %			(2,203)	(1,010)
Comparison for Five Years					
As at June 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
	2022	ZUZ I		in '000)	
Defined benefit obligation	102,850	76,069	71,924	73,386	59,639
Defined benefit obligation	102,000	70,009	11,924	13,300	<u> </u>
				2022	2021
Maturity Profile				(Rupees in	1 000)
Year 1				27,437	20,853
Year 2				28,574	19,450
Year 3				29,866	20,062
Year 4				28,297	19,316
Year 5				27,482	17,044
Year 6 to Year 10				118,652	63,720
			Note	2021 (Rupees in '(	2020
TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			Hote	(Hupees III )	300)
Creditors:					
Trade				40,728	20,953
Non-trade				708,779	523,795
				749,507	544,748
Accrued liabilities				59,722	39,073
Advance from customers				150,359	86,030
				47,182	47,182
Norkers' Profit Participation Fund					,
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	22.842
Workers' Welfare Fund				22,842	22,842 2.520
Workers' Welfare Fund Retention money				22,842 2,520	2,520
Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Retention money Other payables				22,842	
Workers' Welfare Fund Retention money				22,842 2,520 38,639	2,520 39,793
Workers' Welfare Fund Retention money Other payables SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS - Secured				22,842 2,520 38,639	2,520 39,793
Workers' Welfare Fund Retention money Other payables SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS - Secured Murabaha			23.1	22,842 2,520 38,639 1,070,771	2,520 39,793 782,187
Workers' Welfare Fund Retention money Other payables SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS - Secured			23.1 23.2	22,842 2,520 38,639 1,070,771	2,520 39,793 782,187
Workers' Welfare Fund Retention money Other payables SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS - Secured Murabaha Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited				22,842 2,520 38,639 1,070,771 299,770 1,250,937	2,520 39,793 782,187
Workers' Welfare Fund Retention money Other payables SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS - Secured Murabaha Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited			23.2	22,842 2,520 38,639 1,070,771	2,520 39,793 782,187 174,578 322,700
Workers' Welfare Fund Retention money Other payables SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS - Secured Murabaha Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited			23.2	22,842 2,520 38,639 1,070,771 299,770 1,250,937 87,160	2,520 39,793 782,187 174,578 322,700 99,950

22.

23.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

- 23.1 It carries profit at the rate of relevant KIBOR + 2.5% (June 30, 2021: LIBOR / KIBOR + 2.5%) per annum. The facility is secured by first pari passu charge over receivables for Rs.334 million and first exclusive charge over specific plant and machinery of the Group for Rs.87 million and Rs.50 million respectively, duly insured in bank's favor. The facility is secured by first pari passu charge over Memorandum of Constructive Deposits of Title Deeds located at Raiwind Road, Lahore for Rs.390.0 Million
- 23.2 This includes local as well as foreign currency facility carrying profit at the rate of KIBOR + 2% and LIBOR + 2% (June 30, 2021: KIBOR + 2% and LIBOR + 2%) per annum respectively. The facility is secured by the first registered pari passu hypothecation charge over receivables including trade receivables for Rs.400 million & Rs.600 million (June 30, 2021: Rs. 1,000 million) and the remaining facility is secured against exclusive charge over specific plant and machinery of Rs.43 million and Rs.64.29 million.
- 23.3 It carries profit at the rate of KIBOR + 1.75% (June 30, 2021: KIBOR + 1%) per annum. The facility is secured against 1st pari passu hypothecation charge of Rs.134 million over receivables of the Group.

## 24. ACCRUED MARK-UP

- Long-term financing
- Short-term borrowings

43,212	67,559
74,576	23,209
117,788	90,768

----- (Rupees in '000) ------

# 25. DUE TO A RELATED PARTY

Represents interest free loan obtained from the Chief Executive Officer of the Group. The loan is unsecured and is repayable on demand.

#### 26. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no contingencies and commitments as of 30 June 2022.

27. REVENUE - net

Sales Trade discount

(Rupees	2021 s in '000)
6,140,047	5,445,970
(96,718)	(78,463)
6,043,329	5,367,507

27.1 Includes sales to Enrich Foods (Pvt) Limited - related party amounting to Rs. 1.213 million (2021: 0.957 million).

## 28. COST OF SALES

Live stock and raw material consumed

Opening stock Purchases Closing stock

**Conversion cost** 

Salaries, wages and other benefits Electricity, diesel and related expenses Repairs and maintenance Depreciation Clearing and forwarding Packing material - consumed Marination Others

Cost of goods available for sale

Finished goods Opening stock Closing stock

2022	2021
(Rupee:	s in '000)
` •	ŕ
235,371	134,611
4,832,288	3,955,571
(218,364)	(235,371)
4,849,295	3,854,811
,,	,,,,,,
95,717	43,634
96,110	36,448
8,174	8,202
151,717	27,744
17,918	20,930
38,703	53,527
3,788	5,943
4,980	6,010
417,107	202,438
, -	, , , , ,
5,266,402	4,057,249
-,, -	, , , ,
14,267	6,990
(70,697)	(14,267)
(56,430)	(14,267) (7,277)
5,209,972	4,049,972

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			2022	2021
29.	ADMINISTRATIVE AND DISTRIBUTION COSTS		(Rupees	s in '000)
	Salaries, wages and other benefits 29	1	385,070	225,317
	Electricity, diesel and related expenses		53,904	31,759
	Repair and maintenance		24,653	9,865
	Fuel and vehicle maintenance		13,949	13,957
	Travelling and conveyance		32,746	4,348
	Telephone and communication		17,383	6,790
	Cargo		271,655	364,118
	Marketing and advertisement		148,980	21,473
	Rent, rates and taxes		26,423	31,400
	Food		18,475	8,341
	Depreciation 7.5	2	168,293	35,894
	Depreciation on RoU 7.	3	55,291	61,383
	Amortization 8		9,623	734
	Legal and professional		12,899	17,976
	Software maintenance cost		4,872	5,689
	Office supplies		1,916	2,585
	Postage and courier		1,590	-
	Takaful		10,979	10,039
	Staff welfare		422	643
	Allowance for expected credit loss 12	1	10,155	5,031
	Security		5,033	-
	Cleaning		1,952	1,938
	Commission on credit card facilities		9,036	9,698
	Auditors' remuneration 29	2	4,298	4,278
	Others		45,704	21,549
			1,335,301	894,805

29.1 Include Rs.23.715 million (2021: Rs.14.836 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

29.2 Auditors' remuneration		
Audit fee	2,430	2,410
Half yearly review	650	650
Certifications and other services	820	820
Out of pocket expenses	398	398
	4,298	4,278

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			2022	2021
30.	OTHER EXPENSES No	ote	(Rupees	in '000)
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund		-	6,013
	Workers' Welfare Fund		-	2,285
	1 1 71 1 1	.4	-	2,509
	Exchange loss			119,489
				130,296
31.	OTHER INCOME			
	Income from financial assets			
	Profit on bank accounts		103	43
	Exchange gain		569,252	-
			569,355	43
	Income from non - financial assets			
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		1,856	519
			571,211	562
<b>32</b> .	FINANCE COST			
	Interest/mark-up on:			
	Long term financing		109,631	67,731
	Short term borrowings		147,580	72,904
	Lease liabilities		14,347	17,501
	Bank charges		25,408	23,264
	Dailk Charges		296,966	181,400
				101,100
33.	TAXATION			
	Current		(52,645)	(46,594)
	Prior		236	10,901
	Deferred		44,986	36,774
			(7,423)	1,081

- 33.1 As the charge for current year taxation is based on Final Tax Regime in case of export sales and minimum tax in case of local sales, therefore, tax reconciliation is not presented.
- The return of income for the tax year 2021 has been filed which is deemed to be an assessment order in view of the provisions 33.2 of Section 120 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
- The Group filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) against the demand created under Section 122 33.3 5(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 by the Commissioner Inland Revenue Appeals (CIRA) of Rs 362,546,905/- for the tax year 2016. The ATIR remanded the order back to CIRA who remanded back the case to DCIR. The Group again preferred an appeal before ATIR, against order of CIRA, which is pending for hearing. The management, based on tax advice, expects a favorable outcome in this respect.
- 33.4 The Group filed appeals against orders passed by income tax and sale tax authorities for aggregate demands of Rs. 679,621,876/which are pending at CIR and ATIR levels pertaining to tax years 2012-2019. The management, in view of tax advice, expects a favourable outcome in these cases.
- The Group's appeal is pending before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals IV) against order passed by Additional 33.5 Commissioner under section 122(5A) of ITO for tax year 2018 increasing the tax liability thereby reducing the tax refund by Rs. 28,406,436/-. The Group expects a favorable outcome in this respect based on tax advice.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

34. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE - basic and dilute
--

Net (loss)/profit for the year - (Rupees in '000)

Weighted average ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each - (Number in '000)

(Loss) / Earning per share (Rupees) - basic and diluted

2022	<b>2021</b> (Restated)
(235,124)	112,678
299,939	299,939
(0.78)	0.38

## 35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties of the Group comprise associates, directors and key management personnel. Transactions with related parties, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, are as follows:

Nature of transaction	Relationship	2022 (Rupees	2021 s in '000)
(Repayment to) / Settlement of liabilities by CEO	Key Management Personnel		(07.000)
CEO CEO		2,519	(27,208)

# 36. Segment Reporting

The Company has two reportable segments - raw meat and processed food items. The management has determined the operating segments based on the information that is presented to the Board of Directors of the Company for allocation of resources and assessment of performance. The results of the reporatable segments of the Company are as follows:

	Raw Meat	Frozen and Processed Meat	Total
Revenue Cost of sales	5,459,798 (4,550,638)	<b>Rupees</b> 583,531 (659,334)	6,043,329 (5,209,972)
Gross profit	909,160	(75,803)	833,357
Administrative and distribution costs	(772,076)	(563,227)	(1,335,303)
Other income	571,211	<u>-</u>	571,211
Operating profit / (loss)	708,295	(639,030)	69,265
Finance cost	(218,268)	(78,698)	(296,966)
Segment Profit / (Loss) before taxation	490,027	(717,728)	(227,701)
Taxation			(7,423)
Profit / (Loss) after taxation			(235,124)
Segment Assets Unallocable Assets	4,898,624	4,220,674	<u>9,119,298</u> 1,017,063
Total Assets			10,136,361
Segment Liabilities	738,360	303,558	1.041.918
Unallocable Liabilities			2,924,186
Total Liabilties			3,966,104

No comparative figures have been presented due to single reportable segment in the prior year.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks such as market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group's Board of Directors oversees the management of these risks which are summarized below:

### 37.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and currency risk.

### 37.1.1 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's long-term financing and short-term borrowings at floating interest rates to meet its business operations and working capital requirements. The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant:

+100 (25,721)
+100 (13,868)

### 37.1.2 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to change in a foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates risk primarily relates to the Group's operating activities i.e. bank accounts and receivables / payables in foreign currencies. The Group manages its foreign currency risk by effective fund management. The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the US Dollar exchange rate:

Increase / decrease in US Dollar to Pak Rupees	Effect on loss / profit before tax
Rupee	s in '000
10%	269,977
-10%	(269,977)
10%	182,152
-10%	(182 152)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 37.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk which arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Concentrations of credit risk arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. The Group's management is regularly conducting detailed analysis on sectors.

The Group seeks to minimize the credit risk through having exposures only to customers considered credit worthy and obtaining securities where applicable. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is:

Carrying value				
2022	2021			
(Rupees in '000)				
3,094,203	2,040,752			
17,647	19,130			
3,784	41,788			
3,115,634	2,101,670			

Trade debts Loans Bank balances

### 37.2.1 Credit quality of financial assets

The loans are given to employees which are secured against their salaries. Trade debts include customers with no default in prior years.

The credit quality of banks can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings or to historical information about counterparty default rates as shown below:

AAA 1,924	2021
AAA 1,924 AA+ 794 AA 12 AA- 912 A+ 67	0)
Ratings  AAA  AA+  AA  AA  AA  AA-  AA-  A+  A+	
AAA 1,924 AA+ 794 AA 12 AA- 912 A+ 67	
AA+ 794 AA 12 AA- 912 A+ 67	
AA 12 912 A+ 67	6,485
AA 12 912 A+ 67	29,222
A+ 67	6,003
A+ 67	-
	46
$\Gamma$	29
BBB- <b>75</b>	3
	41,788

# 37.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk represents the risk that the Group will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations with the financial liabilities. The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility by maintaining sufficient bank balances and committed credit lines. The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at 30 June 2022 based on contractual undiscounted payment dates and present market interest rates:

2022 Long-term financing Lease liabilities Short-term borrowings Trade and other payables Accrued mark-up
Accrued mark-up Due to a related party

On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 Years	Total
		(Rupees in '000) -		
-	82,525	56,337	731,640	870,502
-	13,463	40,416	90,225	144,104
	409,455	1,228,412		1,637,867
12,075	415,508	158,548	243,841	829,972
	97,080	20,706		117,786
21,355	-	-	-	21,355
33,430	1,018,031	1,504,419	1,065,706	3,621,586

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 Years	Total
2021					
Long-term financing	-	200,754	250,291	579,558	1,030,603
	-	16,152	47,782	46,894	
Lease liabilities				-	110,828
Short-term borrowings	200,232	468,650	42,080	-	710,962
Trade and other payables	26,230	182,740	190,670	226,493	626,133
Accrued mark-up	7,049	80,872	2,847	-	90,768
Due to a related party	18,836		<u>-</u>		18,836
	252,347	949,168	533,670	852,945	2,588,130

## Fair value of financial

#### 37.4 instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

#### 37.5 **Capital risk management**

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maintain healthy capital ratios, strong credit rating and optimal capital structures in order to ensure ample availability of finance for its existing and potential investments projects to support its business sustainability and future development and maximise its shareholders value.

The Group monitors capital using a debt equity ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. Equity comprises of share capital, reserves and revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment. The gearing ratio as at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	2022	2021
	(Rupees in '000)	
Long-term financing	870,502	923,397
Short-term borrowings	1,637,867	710,962
Accrued mark-up	117,787	90,768
Total debt	2,626,156	1,725,127
Less: Cash and bank balances	(8,613)	(74,857)
Net debt	2,617,543	1,650,270
Share capital	2,999,389	2,999,389
Reserves	2,414,147	2,634,554
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	750,199	767,877
Total equity	6,163,735	6,397,909
Equity and net debt	8,781,278	8,048,179
Gearing ratio		
Including revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	30%	20%
Excluding revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	33%	23%

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# 38. REMUNERATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	Chief Executive		Direct	Directors		tives
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
			(Rupees in	n '000)		
Managerial Remuneration	31,241	30,000	_	-	122,795	78,376
Housing And Utilities	-	-	-	_	6,967	4,382
Reimbursable Expenses			-	-	3,185	1,842
Gratuity	-	-	-	-	4,150	6,500
Board Meeting Fees	-	-	3,840	2,970	-	-
	31,241	30,000	3,840	2,970	137,097	91,100
	1	1	7	7	47	34
					0000	0001
20 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES					2022	2021
39. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES						
Total number of employees as at					725	426
the reporting date					120	720
Average number of employees					634	393
during the year						

## 40. GENERAL

**40.1** Certain prior year figures have been reclassified for better presentation.

### **DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR**

# 41. ISSUE

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue on November 4, 2022 by the Board of Directors of the Group.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

**Chief Financial Officer** 

# **AL SHAHEER CORPORATION LIMITED**

# **Pattern of Shareholding** as at June 30, 2022

Categories of Shareholders	Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
Picoton and their access (1) and their and illinor			
Directors and their spouse(s) and minor children	0	1 704 450	0.57
ADEEB AHMAD	2	1,724,452	0.57
KAMRAN AHMED KHALILI	2	72,585,447	24.20
MR. UMAIR AHMED KHALILI	2	5,789,102	1.93
SYED ZILLAY AHMED NAWAB RIZVI	1	1,054	0.00
QAYSAR ALAM	1	3,451	0.00
SABEEN FAZLI ALAVI	1	750	0.00
MUHAMMAD ZUBAIR HAIDER SHEIKH	1	750	0.00
Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties			
Nil	0	-	0.00
NIT and ICP	0	-	0.00
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non-Banking Financial Institutions	3	4,490,000	1.50
Insurance Companies	11	21,527,350	7.18
Modarabas and Mutual Funds	17	21,989,824	7.33
General Public			
a. Local	6485	129,593,218	43.21
b. Foreign	171	7,008,435	2.34
Foreign Companies	0	-	0.00
Others	73	35,224,997	11.74
Totals	6770	299,938,830	100.00

Share holders holding 10% or more	Shares Held	Percentage
KAMRAN AHMED KHALILI	72,585,447	24.20



# NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF ALSHAHEER CORPORATION LIMITED

Notice is hereby given that the 8<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of AlShaheer Corporation Limited ("Company") will be held on Monday, November 28, 2022, at 09:00 a.m. through video-link facility to transact the following business;

#### **Ordinary Business**

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the last Annual General Meeting held on November 25, 2021.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Stand-alone and Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended June 30, 2022, together with the Directors' and Auditors' Report thereon.
- 3. To elect directors of the Company for a three-year term. The Board of Directors in the meeting held on November 04, 2022, fixed the number of Directors at seven (7). The retiring directors of the Company are as follows:
  - Mr. Kamran Ahmed Khalili
  - Mr. Muhammad Qaysar Alam
  - Mr. Babur Sultan
  - Mr. Zillay A. Nawab
  - Mr. Muhammad Zubair Haider Sheikh
  - Ms. Sabeen Fazli
  - Mr. Umair Ahmed Khalili
- 4. To appoint auditors for the ensuing year ended June 30, 2023, and fix their remuneration. M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman, being eligible, offer themselves for the appointment.

#### **Special Business**

To consider and if thought fit approve an increase in the authorized share capital of the Company and for this purpose pass the following special resolution, with or without any amendments and to approve the consequent amendments in the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, subject to requisite approvals, if any:

"RESOLVED THAT the authorized share capital of the company be and is hereby increased from Rs. 3,000,000,000 (Rupees Three Thousand Million Only) divided into 300,000,000 (Three Hundred Million Only) ordinary shares at Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each to Rs. 4,000,000,000 (Rupees Four Billion Only) divided into 400,000,000 (Four Hundred Million Only) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each ranking pari passu in every respect with the existing ordinary shares of the Company.

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, in consequence of the said increase in the Authorized Share Capital of the Company, the existing Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company and Article [4] of the Articles of Association of the Company be and hereby replaced accordingly, to read as follows;

#### Clause V of the Memorandum of Association

The Authorized capital of the Company is Rs. 4,000,000,000 (Rupees Four Billion Only) divided into 400,000,000 (Four Hundred Million Only) ordinary shares of Rs.10 (Rupees Ten) each with power to increase the capital or any portion thereof and to consolidate, reorganize or alter the share capital of the Company; and to divide and/or sub-divide whole or any part of its share capital into several classes as may be determined by or in accordance with the regulations of the Company or subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017.

# Article [4] of the Article of Association

The Authorized capital of the Company is Rs. 4,000,000,000 (Rupees Four Billion Only) divided into 400,000,000 (Four Hundred Million Only) ordinary shares of Rs.10 (Rupees Ten) each with power to increase the capital or any portion thereof and to consolidate, reorganize or alter the share capital of the Company; and to divide and/or sub-divide whole or any part of its share capital into several classes as may be determined by or in accordance with the regulations of the Company or subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017.

"FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer and the Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby singly authorized to take all necessary steps and execute documents including legal and corporate formalities and file all requisite documents with Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan as may be necessary or expedient for the purpose of giving effect to the spirit and intent of the above resolutions."

Sd.
Company Secretary
November 07, 2022

#### Notes:

- The individual Members who have not yet submitted photocopy of their valid Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) to the Company/ Share Registrar, are once again reminded to send the same at the earliest directly to Company's Share Registrar, CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi — 74400.
  - The Corporate Entities are requested to provide their National Tax Number (NTN). Please give Folio Number with the copy of CNIC/NTN details. Reference is also made to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) Notifications SR0 779(I) dated August 18, 2011, and SR0 831 (I) 2012 dated July 05, 2012, which mandates that the dividend warrants should bear CNIC number of the registered member or the authorized person, except in case of minor(s) and corporate members.
- 2. Share Transfer Books will be closed from November 22, 2022 to November 28, 2022 (both days inclusive) when no transfer of shares will be accepted for registration. Transfers in good order, received at the office of Company's Share Registrar, CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi 74400 on November 21, 2022 by 5:00 p.m. will be considered for entitlement.
- 3. The Company intends to convene the Annual General Meeting (AGM) through video link facility managed from the Suit # G/5/5, 3rd Floor, Mansoor Tower, Block 8, Shahrah-e-Roomi, Clifton, Karachi for the safety and well- being of all its stakeholders. Meeting trough video link facility is being held in line with Company's austerity cum safety measures in the wake of the current macroeconomic situation and devastating floods in the country and the outbreak of Dengue fever in Karachi. For the foregoing reasons, the Company plans to convene the AGM electronically which, without compromising the safety and well-being of its stakeholders, shall allow the accommodation of a large number of members across the country. Needless to mention that Corona SOPs are largely irrelevant in the given circumstances and their observance cannot alleviate the above concerns of the Company In this regard, special arrangements have been made for the AGM which are as under:
  - a) AGM will be held through the Zoom application a video link facility.
  - b) The notice will also be uploaded on the website of the Company.
  - c) The Members are requested to attend and participate in the AGM through the video link facility. To attend through video link, Members can download the app/software through https://zoom.us/download and log in via video-link to participate in the AGM proceedings.
  - d) Shareholders are requested to get themselves registered at least two working days before the AGM by email at cs@ascfoods.com by providing the following details:

Folio/CDC A/c No.	Company	Name of Shareholder	CNIC Number	Cell Number	Email Address
	Al Shaheer Corporation Limited				

Video-link for the meeting will be sent to members at their provided email addresses enabling them to attend the meeting on the given date and time.

The login facility will be opened thirty minutes before the meeting time to enable the participants to join the meeting after the identification process. Shareholders will be able to login and participate in the AGM proceedings their devices after completing all the formalities required for their identification and verification of the shareholders.

All members, entitled to attend the meeting, are entitled to appoint another person in writing as their proxy to attend on their behalf. A proxy must be a member of the Company.

- d) Shareholders may send their comments and suggestions relating to the agenda items of the AGM to the Company Secretary's office at least two (2) working days before the AGM at the given email address cs@ascfoods.comShareholders are requested to mention their full name, CNIC #, and Folio/ CDC Account # for this purpose.
- e) Shareholders are encouraged to participate in the AGM to consolidate their attendance and participation through proxies.
- 4. In case of individuals, the account holders or sub-account holders whose registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirements.
- 5. Duly completed instrument of the proxy, and the other authority under which it is signed, or a notarially certified copy thereof, must be lodged with the Company Secretary at the Company's Registered Office (Suite # G/5/5, 3rd Floor, Mansoor Tower, Shahrah e Roomi, Block 8, Clifton) at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
- 6. Members having physical shareholding are requested to notify the change in address if any to the Company's Share Registrars, CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi 74400.
- 7. In case shares are held by CDC, then the request notify the change of address must be submitted directly to the broker/participant / CDC investor account Services.

8. CDC Account Holders will further have to follow the under-mentioned guidelines as laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

### For Appointing Proxies:

- 1. In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in a group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall submit the proxy form accordingly.
- 2. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two person whose names, addresses, and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- 3. Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- 4. In case of the corporate entity, the Board of Directors resolution/ power of attorney with specimen signature of the person nominated by the corporate entity shall be submitted.

#### **FORM OF PROXY**

ΔΝΝΙΙΔΙ	<b>GENERAL</b>	MEETING
AININUAL	GENERAL	MEELING

I/We	of	in the district of	being a member of "AL SHA-
		ordinary shares as per Registration Folio No./CDC	•
No	CNIC No./ Passport No	entitled to vote, hereby appoint Mr./Mrs./M	liss of (full
address)		(being member of the Company)as my/our proxy to att	tend, act and vote for me/us and
on behalf at the A	nnual General Meeting of the	Company to be held on 28th day of November, 2022 and/	or at any adjournment thereof.
Dated:			
Signature:			
Presence of:			
1			
2			

### **Important Note:**

- 1. This form of proxy, duly completed and signed, must be deposited at the registered office of the company situated at Suite # G/5/5, 3rd Floor, Mansoor Tower, Block 8, Shahrah e Roomi, Clifton, Karachi.
- 2. This form should be signed by the Member or by his/her attorney duly authorized in writing. If the member is a Corporation, its common seal should be affixed to the instrument.
- 3. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint any other Member as his/ her proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf except that a corporation may appoint a person who is a Member.

### For CDC Account Holders/Corporate Entities:

In addition to the above, following requirements have to be met:

- 1. The Proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC Numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- 2. Attested copies of CNIC or Passport of the beneficial owners and proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- 3. The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original Passport at the time of the meeting.
- 4. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted along with proxy form.



# **Minutes of 7th Annual General Meeting Al Shaheer Corporation Limited** Thursday, November 25, 2021 Karachi

The 7th Annual General Meeting of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited ("Company") was held through video link facility on Thursday, November 25, 2021 at 09:00 a.m.

The proceedings of the meeting started with a welcome note to the shareholders by the Company Secretary.

# Recitation

The proceedings began with recitation of verses from the Holy Quran.

# **Permission from Chair**

The Company Secretary informed the Chair that the Quorum is Complete1 and requested to proceed.

# **Presentation of Resolutions**

The Company Secretary proceeded with the resolutions as per the pre-circulated agenda sent to the members through the notice dated November 03, 2021.

<sup>1</sup> Annexure - A



# **Ordinary Business**

- 1. To confirm the minutes of last Annual General Meeting held on November 27, 2020 and last Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on December 09, 2020.
  - a. The company secretary read out the minutes of the Annual General Meeting held on November 27, 2020 and Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on December 09, 2020 and requested the members for their approval.
- b. After discussions, the following resolution was unanimously passed by the house,

"Resolved that the minutes of last Annual General Meeting held on November 27, 2020 and last Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on December 09, 2020 be and are hereby approved".

- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Stand alone and Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited for the financial year ended June 30, 2021 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Report thereon.
  - a. The Stand alone and Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company were presented and members were invited to discuss.
  - b. The members asked various questions on the financial statements and the general functioning of the Company.
  - c. The Chairman of the meeting responded to the comments of the members and provided satisfactory and detailed responses.
  - d. After due discussion and on receiving satisfactory responses, the following resolution was passed by the house:

"Resolved that the Stand alone and Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of Al Shaheer Corporation Limited for the financial year ended June 30, 2021 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Report thereon are duly adopted."

To appoint auditors for the ensuing year ending June 30, 2022 and fix their remuneration, EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants retire and M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman being eligible have offered themselves for appointment.

The following resolution was unanimously approved by the house:

"Resolved that EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants retire and M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman, be and are hereby appointed as the statutory auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2022".

"Further resolved that CFO & Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby authorized to sign necessary documents, proposal and engagement letters etc. necessary for appointment of M/s. Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman as auditors for the year ending June 30, 2022".

# **Vote of Thanks**

There being no other item on agenda, the meeting concluded with a vote of thanks to the Chair.

Sd/-	Sd/-
Chairman	Company Secretary



# **Annexure-A**

# Attendees and Proxy Shareholders in the Annual General Meeting 2021

	SHAREHOLDERS	REPRESENTING SHARES
TOTAL	7,564	299,938,830
PRESENT IN PERSON OR BY PROXY	12	80,109,510



# Head Office:

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Email: info@ascfoods.com